

THE ANOKA STAR.

Published every Saturday, at the Randolph Building, Anoka, Minnesota.

By A. G. SPALDING.

TERMS.
Two Dollars per annum, strictly in advance.

The Press is the great lever of civilization; the agency of development, enlightenment, progress, and perfection of mankind; the instrumentality of the life, order and beauty of human society. Therefore, it should never be degraded by low, base and trifling things; but whatever is good for all men, aiding them in their intellectual development, and their moral, social and political welfare—that should be the work of the Press.

UNION PRESIDENTIAL TICKET

For President:
Abraham Lincoln,
OF ILLINOIS.
For Vice President:
Andrew Johnson,
OF TENNESSEE.
For Representative in Congress—2d District,
Ignatius Donnelly.

LEGISLATIVE DISTRICT UNION CONVENTION—4TH DISTRICT.

The Union electors of the Fourth Legislative District of the State of Minnesota are requested to meet in Delegate Convention, at Anoka, in the County of Anoka, Wisconsin, on the SEVENTH DAY OF AUGUST NEXT, at eleven o'clock A. M., for the purpose of nominating a candidate for Senator and two candidates for Representatives in the Legislature of said State. The delegates must be residents of the counties to which they are accredited, and were appointed at the last annual Convention as follows:

Anoka, 7 Isanti, 1
Benton, 2 Sherburne, 2
Hennepin East, 12 Mille Lac, 2
Mannin, 1

J. B. GILFILLAN,
F. M. STOWELL,
F. E. TATUM,
C. C. HOLMES,
O. B. SEBASTIAN,
District Committee.

Dated July 23, 1864.

CALL FOR A COUNTY CONVENTION.

The Union electors of the County of Anoka, who endorse the nomination of Abraham Lincoln and Andrew Johnson, and who pledge themselves to support that ticket, are requested to meet at the Third Avenue School House in the town of Anoka, on Monday, August 16th, at two o'clock P. M., to choose seven delegates to the Legislative District Union Convention, of the 4th District, to be held at Anoka on the 7th day of August, to nominate one candidate for Senator, and two for Representatives. The number of delegates to which the respective towns will be entitled is as follows:

Anoka, 6
Bethel, 2
Centerville, 1
Columbia, 1
Elbow, 1
Oak Grove, 3
Ramsey, 3
St. Francis, 2
St. James, 2
Per order of the County Committee,
R. C. MITCHELL, Chairman.

General Headquarters, State of Minnesota.

AMTANT GENERAL'S OFFICE,
St. Paul, July 30, 1864.

[GENERAL ORDERS NO. 23.]

Authority having been obtained from the War Department, the Governor hereby directs the immediate organization of two companies of Light Cavalry, to be attached to the "Independent Battalion of Minnesota Volunteers," now commanded by Major Charles F. Adams, said companies to be completely organized before the 31st of September, 1864.

Each company will be composed as follows:

1 Captain,
1 First Lieutenant,
1 Second Lieutenant,
1 First Sergeant,
1 Quartermaster Sergeant,
1 Commissary Sergeant,
5 Sergeants,
8 Corporals,
2 Trumpeters,
2 Farriers,
1 Saddler,—and
60 Privates (minimum),
78 Privates (maximum).

Recruits for said companies will be accepted for a term of not less than two years and will receive the bounties allowed under the present orders and regulations of the War Department.

The Second Lieutenant for each company will be appointed by the Governor as Recruiting Officer, to whom special instructions will be issued.

The recruits will be sent one week to the General Rendezvous, and transportation and subsistence for recruits will be paid as provided for under existing regulations.

By order of the Commander-in-Chief,
OSCAR MALLROS,
Adjutant General.

[Country papers print once.]

The News.

The line of rebel earth works at Petersburg was blown up on the 30th ult., and ninety pieces of artillery opened on the city. An assault was made on the works which was partially successful, but our forces were afterwards driven back with great loss, particularly of the colored troops.

It is stated that Hood had attacked Sherman, at Atlanta, Ga. but was completely routed, with a loss of 4,000 in killed and wounded. Sherman's loss 600.

Gold 256.

CROPS IN ST. FRANCIS.—Mr. W. P. Clark, of St. Francis, says of the crops in his neighborhood that wheat is about three-fourths of a crop; corn is extra splendid, and beans and potatoes are promising well. Hay is fair, but not quite as good as last year. Every farmer will have enough and something to spare.

LIBERAL.—Captain Ammi Cutter, of Anoka, says the Mankato Union, recently sent twenty dollars to the Methodist Society of that place. It adds that the Captain is a whole-souled man in every sense of the term, and lacks not a whit in generosity.

THE ANOKA STAR.

Virtue. Intelligence. Order. Industry. Friendship. Unity. Happiness.

VOLUME I. } ANOKA, MIN., SATURDAY, AUGUST 6, 1864. { NUMBER 45.

Candidates.

As this is the time for men to come forward or be put up as candidates for public favor, a few suggestions may be pertinent.

The emoluments and honors of office hold out a great temptation, and there are always plenty of men willing to accept them. But all do not confer equal credit on themselves and their constituents when elected. Hence the need of careful consideration to every man before he allows himself to become a candidate for any responsible place.

A candidate occupies an awkward position if his only claim to the votes of the people be personal ambition or vanity. The pride of such men and that of their friends is liable to mortification. It is not enough that one is poor and needs office, or that he is rich, or handsome, or smart, or an old resident, or belongs to "our" party or church, or is amiable and harmless in society. We want more, and think it right to demand more in these times.

We want more than merely negative men—so innocent that no one can say anything against them. We want men that are something, and are able to say and do something; men of decision, substance, character; who can enlighten the community in respect to principles and measures, and the weight of whose influence is a guarantee of success.

The demand of our country, our State, and town is for such men at the present moment, and we have nothing to waste in trifling. Our local interests are numerous and growing, and in a representative we require a mind that can grasp them, specify them, and press them upon the public attention.

Candidates of this stamp would respect themselves, gain the respect of others, and make politics respectable. They would be elected. Guess we have some such men, and hope to place their names before the people.

Hon. Ignatius Donnelly.

We place the name of this gentleman on our ticket as candidate for Representative in the Second Congressional District. He was nominated on Wednesday by the Union Congressional Convention at St. Paul, and received the entire vote of that body, other names having been withdrawn. We would gladly print his speech in acceptance of the nomination, but have no room. He is sufficiently known to insure his re-election. For ourself we are proud of such a man for such a place. He is not only a sound anti-slavery man, but an industrious worker for the people's interest.

A GOOD NAME.—Anoka has got some reputation abroad for her anti-rum, whisky, beer, and tobacco character. We hope her good name will grow brighter, and never be dimmed. "Birds of a feather flock together," and if we invite and welcome only such as have clean and decent habits, we shall get them, and be able to keep the place free from those nuisances which disgrace other towns. We shall gain much by keeping the public mind awake on these things.

Messrs. Abraham and George Shaffner, intelligent and enterprising men recently from Southern Illinois, are here desiring to locate among us. They have the means to set up business which the place demands, and we hope they will be encouraged. The more we have of such people the better. They have visited other portions of the State, and conclude to give this place the preference.

Public religious services were held here on Fast Day, and all was quiet as Sunday.

Apples and melons are in the market now, and every green thing. You can buy the smallest specimens at a big price.

WHO SUSTAINS THE GOVERNMENT?

MR. EDITOR:—I notice that your correspondent, "Loyalist," makes some rather grave charges against one of our county officials. With your permission I propose to notice these charges.

He says, in substance, that this official did, upon the first call of his country, shoulder his musket and march to the scene of action; and further, that he did fight for his country's flag. Now, right here, let me stop and propose query No. 2. Which has rendered his country the best service, the man that did go to the war, or the man that the "first excitement" nor no other excitement can induce to take up arms in his country's defence, but chooses rather to lay back in his easy chair, and spend his time in vilifying and abusing his neighbors who do not happen to agree with him about the way the war is conducted?

These charges come with refreshing force from that class of men who, in the full vigor of healthy manhood, professing to believe that all our interests as a people and as individuals demand a fierce and yet fiercer prosecution of the war, until the last rebel is driven into the ground; but when Uncle Abraham wants "five hundred thousand more," they all begin to make excuses. One says, "I have a county office," although it is not the most important; one, "I would like to be excused"; another has some petty appointment and would like to be let off; and another is a little lame just now.

But it is charged that this official and pensioner has been found railing against his government. This is a very serious charge. The man that will not stand up for his country and government is not fit to live in it. I am aware that a misapprehension prevails at this day as to what constitutes the government. Some suppose the President is the government; and I presume your correspondent is one of that number. Webster says that government is the system of policy for ruling a nation. Thus it will be seen that when we speak of the government of a church we do not mean the bishop nor the preacher; neither do we mean that the superintendent is the government of a Sabbath school; but that they have written rules and regulations by which they agree to be governed. When we speak of the political institutions of any particular country, we say only—the government. When we speak of the government in a country where they have an absolute monarchy—where the will of one man is law—we mean the emperor or king. Hence the word government means the system or form of fundamental rules by which the people of a state or nation are governed.

Now I am willing to leave it to the judgment of your readers as to who have been railing for the last twenty-five years, and who still continue to rail against the best government that the sun has ever shone upon. It was in the sense as above explained that our county official did enlist to sustain the government in all its principles; and may "Loyalist" soon be found in the ranks defending the flag, which represents the government, the Union, and the whole country.

UNCONDITIONAL UNIONIST.

SLOWNESS OF WAR.

Parke Goodwin, in a war meeting held in New York recently, said:

"Europe says that we are slow. I remember that the great Wellington took six years to drive Napoleon out of Spain, a country as large as Virginia, and then he retired because of reverse elsewhere. Four nations of Europe took two years to occupy the Crimea, a country about as large as New Jersey. England took twenty-eight months to suppress the Sepoy rebellion, about as great an undertaking as to put down a rebellion among the negroes of a South Carolina county. France has in more than a year succeeded in getting only about one hundred and eighty miles into Mexico, where she holds a very insecure position. We think that England had better look at home before criticising the movements of our armies."

ARMY CORRESPONDENCE.

Near Petersburg, Va., July 18, 1864.

MR. EDITOR:—It is with great pleasure that I read your paper when I am fortunate enough to get hold of it. How eagerly a soldier grasps anything that comes from home or near there! I have often sat an hour or more after reading the Star, and looked over the advertisements to see the familiar names; this helps to wear away the weary, tedious hours of a soldier's life.

We are still in front of Petersburg, trying a siege, which I think will be successful; the rebels think so too. Deserters are coming in every day. One who came last night stated that Gen. Lee had made up his mind that he couldn't induce Gen. Grant to withdraw his troops from Petersburg to draw the marauders in Maryland, so he had called his troops back. He said Lee was going to attack us last night, or rather this morning, early: so we were on the alert nearly all night, but no attack was made. But there has been many a sleepless eye among us to day, though it is so dreadful hot down here that we can't sleep in the day time. We have had no rain for a long time, and clouds of dust are flying through the air. Some of the time we can't see two rods ahead. Half the time we sit in our tents picking dust from our eyes. Lucky we are not in Minnesota, for we resemble the Indians so much that some of the Indian hunters might take our scalps. Our boys dare not go near the colored troops, for they couldn't tell which were white men, or rather, which were white once.

Evening is approaching, and it looks a little like rain, but it has disappointed us so many times I don't think it will rain.

Our Company is very healthy, that is, what is left of our little band of deer hunters to the rebels. Several boys from Anoka are here, and I will keep you posted in regard to them if you wish it.

I close by wishing you good night, with happy dreams.

Your soldier friend, H. Co. A, 2d U. S. S.

MODESTY.

MR. EDITOR:—I have a most excellent son-in-law, and he is Major of the 12th Iowa; so he is. "He is a brave officer, and knows when men do their duty," so he does. He has been with Gen. Grant in lots of battles, and in every one he has achieved the very highest honors; so he has.

I have recently received a letter from him, that is, from my excellent son-in-law, the Major, in which he says that the 7th Minnesota is "well commanded," so he did. I make this little "wee" statement, thinking it might afford some gratification to those having friends in the glorious 7th, that is to say, I thought it might be a source of sweet gratification to those having friends in the great and glorious 7th to know that my excellent son-in-law, the Major, thinks that regiment a very good one; so I did. Ahem.

Yours respectfully,

HAIL COLUMBIA, Esq.

The Atlantic for August is on our table. It is a work of sterling worth. The contributors are among the most talented and progressive minds of the country. Ticknor & Fields Publishers: Boston.

We recommend our readers to procure the article on "Anoka—Climate, Health," and send it to their friends East, requesting its publication in their papers. It would probably draw many this way.

Smiley & Woodbury are repairing their flouring mill.

An agent recently sold Cottage Bibles in this place to the amount of nearly four hundred dollars.

RUINED OR NOT?

"Gold is 190, and the property of the country will be destroyed," says Mr. Faintheart.

"Gold is going to 200, and I shall be broke," says Mr. Weakness.

"I am ruined! My bank balance is worth only fifty cents on the dollar," says Mr. Neverthink.

Let us stop a moment, gentlemen, and look into this matter. Facts are better than fears, and principle is better than prejudice. You are suffering—yes, suffering, there is no other word for it—under the delusion that the amount of gold and silver coin in the country is an equivalent of its wealth. Now, do you know that the highest financial authorities have never estimated this amount at over two hundred and fifty millions, and it is probably much less, even in time of peace. But suppose we admit that it is three hundred millions; and now do you know that, according to the United States Census of 1860, the wealth of the country—its real and personal property—was estimated (rather too low than too high) at fifteen thousand millions? If you will just take your pencil, and cipher out the proportion that three hundred millions of specie bears to fifteen thousand millions of property, you will discover that it is—what? fifty per cent? No! Twenty-five per cent? No! But exactly two per cent—that is, the whole amount of specie in the country never was two per cent, or a fiftieth part of the specie value of the property; and if, at any one time, the whole property of the country had been forced to sale for the specie in the country, it would not have brought two cents on the dollar of its actual specie value.

Specie, or the currency that may stand for it, is only the convenient and recognized medium for making an exchange of products. It represents property in the market, property in the transit, but never the fixed property of a nation. Money is the lubricator. It doesn't make value; it simply lubricates the machinery, and keeps the wheels of commerce running smoothly. When too abundant, the wheels run too fast; and when scarce, there is too much friction.

And now, Mr. Faintheart, can you pick a flaw in my statement? Is it not absolute truth? But what shall we say to Mr. Weakness, who is afraid of bankruptcy, and Mr. Neverthink, who is only afraid of his bank-balance? If Mr. Weakness is in debt, it is now easy to get out. Pay up while money is plenty, and be happy.

If a mortgage on your land will be due next year or any year, provide for it now while you are getting high prices for everything you sell. But Mr. Neverthink, you have—say a bank-balance of \$20,000. You are afraid that gold is going up, or paper going down about out of sight, and you wish to invest this balance in some productive property. Will you buy a house worth only \$10,000 in specie, and pay for it \$18,000 in currency? Suppose you wish to sell that house after the resumption of specie payments, it will bring you only \$10,000, and you will have lost exactly \$8,000. Will that be a shrewd operation? We can "put you up" to something better—something by which you can make your bank-balance or currency not only worth its face in gold, but a premium besides. Invest in Government Bonds. Buy the 10-40s. After the war is over, they will be worth par in gold, and something over—and they pay a liberal gold interest from the beginning. If they are not safe, then no property is safe. The same spirit of anarchy that would repudiate your property in the national debt, would repudiate it in your house. If the law will not protect you in one description of your property, it will not in another, and your greatest safety as well as profit is in maintaining and strengthening the Government that maintains and supports the laws.—[Philadelphia Telegraph.]

HARVEST.—The work of securing the harvest (says the Lake City Times) has commenced in this section. The accounts we hear of crops generally are good. There are croakers among farmers, however, and occasionally we hear of the chintz bug, or something else, likely to prove a damage. Some have been discovered in the grain, in this section, but their appearance is confined to edges of barley patches, and the barley supposed to have been the means of their introduction. We imagine there is no cause for alarm whatever. Hands will be scarce, wages high, and hard work plenty, until the grain shall be secured.

ADVERTISING RATES.

Ten lines or less make one square.
One column, one year, \$50 00
Half column, one year, 25 00
Quarter column, one year, 15 00
Business cards, 10 lines or less, one year, 6 00
One square one week, 75
Each additional week, 25
Legal advertisements at St. Paul rates.
Bills payable at the end of each quarter.

To be a successful business man, one should first thoroughly understand his business; 2d, he should possess proper business habits—activity, order, promptness and punctuality; 3d, he should be honest, sociable, agreeable and inviting in his manner; 4th, he needs to become acquainted with the people and they with him; and to this end he must ADVERTISE.

Do What is Right.

Do what is right! For the day-dawn is breaking;
Hailing a future of freedom and light;
Angels above you are silent notes taking
Of every action. Do what is right!
Do what is right! The shackles are falling;
Chains of the bondman no longer are bright,
Lightened by hope, soon they'll cease to be
galling.
Truth goeth onward! Do what is right!

Do what is right! "Be faithful and fearless!"
Onward, press onward! The goal is in sight!
Eyes that are wet very soon will be tearless,
"Blessings await you in doing what's right!"
Do what is right! Let the consequence follow,
Battle for freedom in spirit and might;
And with stout hearts look ye forth to the morrow,
God will protect you in doing the right.

MOHAMMEDAN MERCANTILE MORALITY.

In some of its phases Mohammedan mercantile morality exceeds in its scrupulousness that of any other people, whatever their religious character or creed. A mercantile firm in Salonica had bills to a large amount on the principal inhabitants and merchants of the place, which, with their books and papers, were destroyed by fire. On the day following, a prominent Turk, who was largely in their debt, went in person and told them that, having heard that their papers had been destroyed, he had brought a copy of his account with him and fresh bills for the amount which was their due. This example was followed by all the Turkish debtors to them. It does not appear to be intimated that this course was one they had ever learned from the Christian traders in their country.—[Cyclopaedia.]

J. F. Clark, of Company A, 8th Regiment, is now at home on furlough.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Assignees' Sale.

WILL be sold at public auction, at the office of J. F. Blodgett, in Anoka, on Saturday, the 13th day of August, at 9 o'clock in the forenoon, a lot of notes and accounts belonging to the estate of an insolvent debtor.

J. F. BLODGETT,
G. W. PUTNAM.
45:1 Assignees of Estate of C. N. Earl.

HOWARD ASSOCIATION,

PHILADELPHIA, PA.
DISEASES OF THE NERVOUS, SEMINAL, URINARY, AND SEXUAL SYSTEMS—new and reliable treatment in reports of the HOWARD ASSOCIATION—sent by mail in sealed letter envelopes, free of charge. Address Dr. J. SKILLIN HOUGHTON, Howard Association, No. 2 South Ninth street, Philadelphia, Pa. 45:3

NOTICE.

The partnership heretofore existing between Randolph & Robbins is this day dissolved by mutual consent.
J. M. RANDOLPH,
S. C. ROBBINS.

Anoka, August 5, 1864.
Having purchased the interest of S. C. Robbins in the above named firm, the business will be continued as heretofore by
J. M. RANDOLPH.

UNITED STATES INTERNAL REVENUE.

Collector's Office,
Anoka, July 29, 1864.
Notice is hereby given, that the Assessor's annual return for 1863 is received, and the taxes therein assessed are now due and payable at this office (over E. H. & A. T. Davis' Store), and can be paid during the business hours of each day until and including the 10th of August next, after which time a penalty of ten per cent. will be incurred and collected with the tax remaining unpaid as aforesaid. No abatement can be made in any case whatever of the penalty when incurred, except by reason of non-receipt of the return.
T. G. JONES,
44:2 Collector 2d Dist. Minnesota.

MUNGER BROS,

MUSIC DEALERS,

CONCERT HALL BLOCK,

SOLE AGENTS FOR

STEINWAY & SONS,

CHICKERING,

UNITED PIANO FORTES.

CALENBORG & VAUPEL,

JAMES W. VOSE'S,

FISCHER'S AND

GROVESTEIN'S PIANOS.

Also, PRINCE'S Melodeons and School Organs, and Mason & Hawley's Cabinet Organs and Melodeons. All the above instruments at Manufacturer's prices.

We always keep a full assortment of Strings, Violins, Guitars, Banjos, Flutes, Clarinets, Fifes, Drums, Bagles, Band Instruments, and all others pertaining to the trade.

We have constantly on hand the only complete stock of Sheet Music, Musical Instruments, and Musical Merchandise in the Northwest.

227 Church Street, Anoka, Minnesota. Pianos tuned and repaired.

N. B.—All Instruments sold by us are fully warranted. 42:7

MISCELLANY.

The Shoemaker.

The shoemaker sat amid wax and leather,
With lapstone over his knee;
Where, so long in his shop, he defied all weather,
Drawing his quarters and sole together,
A happy old man was he.

This happy old man was so wise and knowing,
The worth of his time he knew;
He bristled his ends, and he kept them going,
And felt to each moment a stitch was owing,
Until he got round the shoe.

Of every deed that his wax was sealing,
The closing was firm and fast;
The prick of his awl never caused a feeling
Of pain to the toe; and his skill in healing
Was perfect, and true to the last.

Whenever you gave him a foot to measure,
With gentle and skillful hand,
He took the properest width of the sole,
As if you were giving the costliest treasure,
Or dubbing him lord of the land.

And many a one did he save from getting
A fever, or cold, or cough,
For many a foot did he save from wetting,
When, whether in water or snow 'twas setting,
His shoeing would keep them off.

When he had done with his making and mending
With hope and a peaceful heart,
Resigning his awl, as his thread was ending,
He passed from his bench to the grave descending,
As high as the king to rest.

—The skeleton of a mastodon was recently discovered by a farmer, near Adrian, Michigan, while digging a ditch. Its length, so far as the bones remain, was sixteen feet, and the width of the bones, as they lay, ten feet.

GUARDIAN'S SALE.

NOTICE is hereby given that pursuant to an order and license granted by the Probate Court of the county of Ramsey, in the State of Minnesota, I will sell at public auction at the front door of the office of the Register of Deeds of the county of Anoka, on the twelfth day of August, A. D. 1864, at two o'clock in the afternoon of said day, to the highest bidder, for cash, the following described tracts of land, situated in said Anoka county, being the property of Warren L. Woodbury, a minor, to wit: The southeast quarter of the southeast quarter of section ten (10) of township thirty-three (33) of range twenty-five (25); also the southeast quarter of the southeast quarter of the same section. Township and range according to the government survey thereof.

Dated July 16, 1864.

W. H. GRANT,
Guardian of said Minor.

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Dated July 16, 1864.

W. H. GRANT,
Guardian of said Minor.

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Dated July 16, 1864.

W. H. GRANT,
Guardian of said Minor.

French Breakfast and Dinner COFFEE.

OWING to the very high price of Coffee, and the great difficulty in procuring a good, uniform and reliable article, our customers have often expressed a wish that they could be supplied from first hands. It was the intention of THE GREAT AMERICAN TEA COMPANY to do a strictly Tea business, but as we have had some customers residing at a distance that have relied upon us to supply them exclusively with Tea and Coffee, it being inconvenient for them to come to New York, the Great Tea and Coffee Emporium of this country—and as our Tea Taster was possessed of information relating to a Coffee that could be furnished at a moderate price, and give universal satisfaction, and at the same time afford the retailer a handsome profit—we have been compelled to supply those parties. This Coffee has become so popular with our customers, and their sales have increased to such an extent that we have been compelled to make large additions to our machinery, which will enable us to supply a few more customers with it. We will therefore send it to those who may order.

It is fast superseding all other Coffees.

This Coffee has been used for more than a century in Paris, and since its introduction into this country it has been in use by some of the leading French Restaurants here. The Parisians are said to be the best judges of coffee; and the great favor in which it is held by them is the best recommendation that can be produced for its fine flavor and healthy effects upon the human system.

We put up but one grade of this Coffee, and that is of a quality that our customers have found from experience will give perfect satisfaction and meet all the demands of their trade. It is the lowest price that we can recommend.

We to all our business on the most extensive scale, buy by the cargo and sell at only two cents per pound profit.

We put up this Coffee in Barrels only, of 125 Pounds each. This method of putting it up saves from 2 to 5 cents per pound to the consumer, and by its being in a large quantity it retains its fine flavor much longer in this form than in any other. We send with each barrel, Show Cards, Circulars and Posters, to assist the dealer to introduce to his customers. We hope our customers will take pains to have them well posted up and distributed, as it will be to their advantage to do so.

This Coffee we warrant to give perfect satisfaction, and if it does not please, the purchaser has the privilege of returning the whole or any part of it within 60 days, and having his money refunded together with all the expenses of transportation both ways.

We issue a Price Circular of our Teas and Coffees, which we are glad to send free to all who wish it. Consumers of coffee should inquire for the French Breakfast and Dinner Coffee, and be sure that it was supplied by the

GREAT AMERICAN TEA COMPANY,

IMPORTERS AND JOBBERS,

86 & 87 Vesey Street, New York.

40:3m

NATIONAL CONSCIENCE.

There is no calamity that can befall the exterior fabric of society so great as benumbing the national conscience, deadening the spirit of humanity, grading mankind, and teaching men to be contented with the degradation of mankind. That which lowers the sacredness of man is the greatest evil that can visit a nation, for a nation is made rich by its manhood, and is poor when manhood in it is at discount. Nothing can be worse for a nation than to stand on the degradation of humanity; and all the prosperity that comes out of it is like the prosperity of weeds growing on dunghills.—[Henry Ward Beecher.

Miss Olympia Brown, an eloquent speaker, has been installed as pastor of the Universalist church at Weymouth, Massachusetts.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.

FIRST PERMANENT

MILLINERY STORE

IN ANOKA.

Mrs. Wm. W. Payne

WOULD announce to the citizens of Anoka and surrounding country, the fact that she has opened, in the building known as the Branch & Trask Store, west side of Rum river, a large and well selected stock of fashionable Millinery Goods, consisting of Ladies' and Misses' Hats, with Ribbons and Trimmings to suit. Also, nice Hand Boxes to put them in, with a great variety of other articles too numerous to mention, all of which she will sell as low as can be bought in this State.

Having secured the services of Mrs. J. H. Pearl, an experienced Milliner, she is confident of giving entire satisfaction, both as to style and quality of her work.

Repairing done to order.

Thankful to our friends for past favors of various kinds, we now solicit their trade and patronage in this line, as we will sell our goods as low as can be bought this side of Chicago.

Anoka, May 14, 1864.

33:2m

CHANGE OF TIME.

OFFICE ST. PAUL & PACIFIC RAILROAD COMPANY

St. Paul, Jan. 1, 1864.

On and after Friday, January 1, and until further notice, the Trains of the St. P. and P. R. R. will run as follows:

MORNING.	
Leave St. Paul	7:00 A. M.
St. Anthony	7:45 "
Manomn	8:05 "
Arrive Anoka	8:40 "
EVENING.	
Leave Anoka	8:55 "
Manomn	9:30 "
St. Anthony	9:50 "
Arrive St. Paul	10:15 "
EVENING.	
Leave St. Paul	2:45 P. M.
St. Anthony	3:30 "
Manomn	3:50 "
Arrive Anoka	4:25 "
EVENING.	
Leave Anoka	4:40 "
Manomn	5:15 "
St. Anthony	5:40 "
Arrive St. Paul	6:20 "

F. R. DELANO,

Assistant Superintendent.

POST OFFICE, ANOKA.

OFFICE HOURS.

From 7 o'clock a. m. to 7 1/2 p. m.

DEPARTURE AND ARRIVAL OF MAILS.

Eastern Mail—Leaves daily, except Sundays; closes at 2 o'clock p. m.

Northern Mail—Leaves Anoka daily, except Sundays; closes at 8 a. m.

Princeton Mail—For Princeton, Cambridge and Brunswick, leaves Anoka on Friday at 9 o'clock a. m. Arrives at Anoka on Saturday at 9 o'clock p. m. Mail closes half an hour before the time of starting.

G. A. JENKS,

Anoka, March 5, 1864.

Post Master.

BLACKSMITHING.

JAMES M. McGLAULFIN,

ANOKA, MINN.

Would inform the citizens of Anoka and vicinity, that he can be found at all times at Ford's old shop on the east side of Rum River, where he is prepared to do all kinds of work cheap for cash or produce. Particular attention paid to shoeing oxen and entire satisfaction warranted. Old axes newly steamed and new ones made to order. A continuance of patronage is respectfully solicited.

Anoka, January 15th, 1861.

WHEELER & WILSON'S

NEW STORE,

New Goods.

DICKENS & BOULTER,

Have opened the store at the west end of the Bridge formerly occupied as a Match Factory, where they will keep constantly on hand a good assortment of staple

DRY GOODS,

Groceries,

BOOTS & SHOES, &c.

Which will be sold at very low figures for ready pay.

All goods warranted to give satisfaction; if not returned then, and your money will be refunded. All kinds of Produce taken in exchange for goods.

Bring along your Butter and Eggs, and the highest market price will be paid for the same.

Anoka, August 10th, 1863.

F. M. JOHNSON, Agent.

St. Paul, September 6th, 1863.

40:3m

—Ten thousand Swiss emigrants are now at Havre and other European ports, awaiting passage to the United States.

NEW SPRING GOODS!

We have now a complete assortment of

Dry Goods, Groceries,

Hats, Straw Goods, Caps,

Boots, Clothing, Shoes,

Crockery and Hardware.

Thankful for past favors, we invite our friends and patrons to examine our new stock, which we shall sell for CASH or READY PAY, as low as the time will admit.

F. M. STOWELL & CO.

Call and examine our Ladies' Hats,

Shakers, and Summer Shawls.

F. M. STOWELL & CO.

We have a few pieces of Fancy

Dress Silks, to close out Cheap!

F. M. STOWELL & CO.

We have a lot of Ladies' and

Misses' Slippers, Gaiters and Congress

Boots, which we will sell very low.

STOWELL & CO.

We keep Flour, Feed, Salt, Lime,

and Plastering Hair, to sell by the

quantity.

F. M. STOWELL & CO.

We will pay the highest market

price for all kinds of Country Produce.

33:1f F. M. STOWELL & CO.

R. C. MITCHELL,

Attorney and Counsellor at Law, County At-

torney and Notary Public.

Having permanently located in Anoka, I hope, by promptness, fidelity and industry, to merit the confidence of all who may intrust business to my care.

Special attention given to the collection of debts. A full supply of blank deeds, mortgages and other legal papers, kept constantly on hand and no charge made for the same, when filled and acknowledged by me.

Office over E. H. & A. T. Davis' hardware store, first door at left hand, up stairs.

R. C. MITCHELL,

Anoka, Minn., May 14th, 1864.

6-15

COLEMAN & McGLAULFIN,

HAVING entered into copartnership to carry

on the business of Blacksmithing, would inform the public that they are prepared to do all kinds of work in their line. Particular attention will be paid to Horse and Ox shoeing. All work warranted. They hope to receive the patronage of old friends and customers. Their shop is on the street below Davis' Store.

19:1y J. D. COLEMAN,

JOHN S. McGLAULFIN.

HOWARD M. ATKINS,

ATTORNEY AT LAW,

Princeton, Minnesota.

Particular attention given to Collections and Part-Paying for new resident land holders. Will take general charge of lands or other property in Mille Lac County.

Auditor and Attorney of Mille Lac County.

19:3m

JOSEPH I. BEAUMONT,

DEALER IN

Teas, Coffees, Spices, Sugars, Syrups,

And all goods pertaining to the business of a

Wholesale Grocer,

INCLUDING

TOBACCO, CIGARS,

WINES, LIQUORS, AND PURE OLD B. & AND

BOURBON WHISKIES.

Please call and examine this stock before pur-

chasing.

Cor. Third and Jackson sts., ST. PAUL, MIN.

19:3m

JOHN H. MARTIN,

Dealer in

Clocks, Watches,

JEWELRY, SILVERWARE, &c., &c.

ANOKA, MINNESOTA.

Clocks, Watches and Jewelry carefully repaired and warranted.

65

NEW STORE,

New Goods.

DICKENS & BOULTER,

Have opened the store at the west end of the Bridge formerly occupied as a

Match Factory, where they will keep

constantly on hand a good assortment

of staple

DRY GOODS,

Groceries,

BOOTS & SHOES, &c.

Which will be sold at very low figures

for ready pay.

All goods warranted to give satisfaction; if not returned then, and your money will be refunded. All kinds of Produce taken in exchange for goods.

Bring along your Butter and Eggs, and the highest market price will be paid for the same.

Anoka, August 10th, 1863.

F. M. JOHNSON, Agent.

St. Paul, September 6th, 1863.

40:3m

FARM FOR SALE,

Or Exchange.

A excellent Farm is offered for sale or in exchange for improved Property in the Town of Anoka, Minnesota. The farm is situated in the town of Carlton, Carl county, Iowa, in Brush Fork Valley, first and second bottoms. The line of the Cedar Rapids and Missouri River Railroad runs within ten miles of the place. It comprises one hundred and sixty acres—60 acres in cultivation, and 40 in timber; prairie as handsome as any in Iowa, and as for soil it cannot be surpassed. A stream of water runs through the middle of it, with timber on one side and prairie on the other. It is excellent land for corn or wheat, and splendid for stock, sheep, cattle or hogs. It has a salt spring within ten rods of the house, and there is no trouble in salting stock the year round. The timber makes an excellent shelter against the cold winds of winter, and the house is in the edge of the timber. The object of the proprietor for selling is old age and wishing to retire from the farming business.

Price of the farm three thousand dollars.

For further particulars inquire of E. S. Teller of Anoka, or Benjamin Teller, on the premises.

42:0t

Meat Market.

C. S. WASHBURN has taken the Meat stand

near Davis' Hardware Store in Anoka, and would inform the public that he will supply customers with fresh or salt Beef at as low rates as can be had elsewhere. Please give him a call.

42:4t

Great Bargains

AT THE

CHEAP CASH STORE.

215 Third St., Saint Paul.

GOODS

Are very high, and everybody should save all

they can; therefore go to

THE CHEAP CASH STORE!

For notwithstanding the great advance in goods, we are selling our stock of

Summer Goods

very cheap. We have DRESS GOODS at from

15 cents up, at all prices to suit customers. We have a large stock of

SILK SACQUES

AND CIRCULARS,

which we are selling at reduced prices, to close

the stock.

Remember the place—

No. 215 Third Street, Saint Paul, Minnesota.

15:1y H. KNOX TAYLOR.

6-15

ANOKA LIBRARY ASSOCIATION.

THE Library consists of some six or seven hundred Volumes of various kinds. It is kept in the Picture Gallery, over F. M. Stowell & Co.'s Store. Terms of membership—Ladies, 50 cents, gentlemen \$1 per annum. Books loaned for five cents per week to those who are not members. Books can be drawn every day, except Sundays. Rules and regulations of the Association, which are to be found pasted in front of each book, will be strictly adhered to.

N. B.—Books can be left in the store below when the Librarian is not in his office.

19:3m

E. H. & A. T. DAVIS,

ANOKA, MINN.

Dealers in Hardware, Stoves, Horse Furnish- ing Goods, Agricultural Implements, &c., and Manufacturers of Tin, Sheet Iron and Copper Ware.

Anoka, July 27th 1861.

ANOKA

Flour Mills.

This establishment has been thoroughly reno-

vated and is now in

THE ANOKA STAR.

Published every Saturday, at the Randolph Building, Anoka, Minnesota.

By A. G. SPALDING.

TERMS.
Two Dollars per annum, strictly in advance.

The Press is the great lever of civilization; the agency of development, enlightenment, progress, and perfection of mankind; the instrumentality of the life, order and beauty of human society. Therefore, it should never be degraded by low, base and trifling things; but whatever is good for all men, aiding them in their intellectual development, and their moral, social and political welfare—that should be the work of the Press.

UNION PRESIDENTIAL TICKET

For President:
Abraham Lincoln,
OF ILLINOIS.
For Vice President:
Andrew Johnson,
OF TENNESSEE.

For Representative in Congress—2d District,
Ignatius Donnelly.

LEGISLATIVE DISTRICT UNION CONVENTION—4TH DISTRICT.
The Union electors of the Fourth Legislative District of the State of Minnesota are requested to meet in Delegate Convention, at Anoka, in the County of Anoka, on Wednesday, the seventh day of August next, at eleven o'clock A. M., for the purpose of nominating a candidate for Senator and two candidates for Representatives in the Legislature of said State. The delegates must be residents of the counties to which they are accredited, and were appointed at the last annual Convention as follows:

Anoka..... 7 Jenni.....1
Benton..... 2 Sherburne.....3
Bemidji East.....12 Mille Lac.....2
Manitoulin.....1

J. B. GRIFFIN,
F. M. STOWELL,
F. E. BALDWIN,
C. C. HOLMES,
O. L. STEVENS,
District Committee.

Dated July 29, 1864.

CALL FOR A COUNTY CONVENTION.

The Union electors of the County of Anoka, who endorse the nomination of Abraham Lincoln and Andrew Johnson, and who pledge themselves to support that ticket, are requested to meet at the Third Avenue School House in the town of Anoka, on Monday, August 15th, at two o'clock P. M., to nominate one candidate for County Auditor, one for Sheriff, one for County Attorney, and one for Clerk of the District Court, and also to elect a delegate to the Legislative District Union Convention, of the 4th District, to be held at Anoka on the 7th day of August, to nominate one candidate for Senator, and two for Representatives. The number of delegates to which the respective towns will be entitled is as follows:

Anoka..... 6
Benton..... 2
Bemidji..... 1
Centerville..... 1
Columbus..... 1
Grosvonts..... 1
Oak Grove..... 3
Roosevelt..... 2
St. Francis..... 2
St. Joseph..... 2
Per order of the County Committee,
R. C. MITCHELL, Chairman.

FIRE IN ANOKA!

Stowell & Co.'s Steam Mill Burned Down.

Loss \$10,000. No Insurance!

A fire burst out in the steam mill of F. M. Stowell & Co. last night about half past ten o'clock. The flames suddenly enveloped the building, and the whole was a crash of ruins in less than half an hour. The loss is estimated at over ten thousand dollars. No insurance. It is a great loss, not only to the proprietors but to the town. Twenty to thirty men are thrown out of employment.

War News.

Dispatches from Mobile are highly favorable. Farragut is doing smashing business there, and the city stands in great danger of falling into his hands. The defenses are strong, but he is prepared to meet them. Fort Gaines has been compelled to surrender, with six hundred men and six months provisions. Fort Powell is evacuated and blown up by the rebels. Their iron clad Tennessee and Selma have been captured.

Gen. Kelly has had a decisive victory over the raiders in West Virginia, capturing many prisoners, horses, arms, &c.

Gen. Logan made great destruction of the rebels at Atlanta.

The rebels exploded a mine at Petersburg, on Friday week, but without damage. There was severe fighting at the same time, but the rebels were repulsed. Much sickness prevails among the soldiers there.

Caucus.—A Republican Union Caucus is to be held to-night at the Third Avenue School House to choose delegates to the County Convention. We understand that some little excitement is expected on the occasion; but considering the hot weather we hope each one will try to keep cool as possible. The prizes are not high enough to warrant an extravagant outlay. A programme of principle might claim the serious attention of all; but no one would sell his soul on a mere personal conflict. We trust there is little danger of this, however.

THE ANOKA STAR.

Virtue, Intelligence, Order, Industry, Friendship, Unity, Happiness.

VOLUME I.

ANOKA, MIN., SATURDAY, AUGUST 13, 1864.

NUMBER 46.

HINT TO CORRESPONDENTS.

The exceptions taken by "G." to the article of H. C. in our last week's issue we consider just and proper, and had we known the design of the writer it would never have been admitted to our columns. Our governing principle as a journalist is to admit all matters of local interest from whomsoever emanating, but not to allow any open or covert insult to any individual. In the above case we supposed that a mere matter of pleasantry was designed; but when we afterwards saw the St. Paul Press, and discovered the true design of the writer referred to by H. C., we regretted sincerely that our sheet had been made the medium of a direct insult to one of our best citizens.

IMPROVEMENTS.—We are pleased to see Rev Mr. Packard engaged industriously and with some expense in improving his premises. He is arranging his house, study, barn, garden, &c. with a view to convenience and comfort to excel almost anything we have seen. And the beauty of it is, he plans things himself, and executes much of the hard work with his own hands—an example which we hold that every minister has a right to follow.

The Union Excelsior Washing Machine, manufactured by H. N. Seeley of this town, is becoming an indispensable institution. It does such perfect work, so easy and so quick, no family can afford to be without it. Having procured one and tried it, we can speak confidently. The best of it is, it gives an excellent opportunity for the men to apply their strength and relieve the women of a very hard job that comes to them every Monday morning.

Prof. A. J. Shaw has just closed the second term of his Writing School (over forty) with the highest satisfaction of both teacher and pupils. He contemplates going to Monticello and St. Cloud. Success to him. The desire has been expressed that he might return here in the winter, when a class of 75 may be obtained.

WEATHER.—The past two weeks has beat anything we remember for heat. It has been melting hot—the thermometer standing as high as 100 in the shade. Crops have ripened fast, and even baked in the sun. But we were relieved yesterday by thunder and a heavy rain.

Through the politeness of Hon. Jared Benson, one of the directors of the St. Paul and Pacific Railway, the delegates to the State Convention were favored with a free ride over the road to Anoka, it being to many the first trip on a Minnesota track. It made a pleasant trip of thirty miles and back, and was appreciated by all concerned. —[Hastings Conserver.

We call attention to the High School advertisement of W. B. Greene. He proposes to open another term, and we trust the reputation which both he and his wife have established here as accomplished teachers will ensure him a large number of pupils.

Among the thousands of places North and South, where the Fourth of July was celebrated, was the one at the "House that Jeff. Built," by officers of the Freedmen's Relief Association, officers of colored regiments, and teachers of contrabands. A marked event!

Job Eastman, who has kept a reputable Temperance Hotel in this town for two and a half years, has closed it, and expects to go to St. Louis. We understand that Moses Frost has purchased the hotel.

The Wesleyan University at Middletown, Conn., has conferred the degree of LL.D. on George Thompson, the English Philanthropist.

Peterson for September is on our table. For beauty, taste, and excellence as a literary periodical it is not surpassed.

Blackwood for August is received, full of English thought and talent.

Cooking.—No. 8.

DEAR READERS OF THE STAR:
—So long a time has passed since I laid my pen aside that I hardly know where I left off, but think it was amongst sweet cakes, gingerbread and such "fixins." Well, sugar has gone up to such a high figure that I would advise every prudent housewife to adopt the motto, "no sweet cakes." Nobody would be harmed by such abnegation, even if we taste them not again till the war is over. They are villainous compounds, and make a vast deal of work for the doctors. This is the season of fresh vegetables, and here we can have plenty of these, almost without money; so a word upon this branch of cookery may be opportune.

Cabbage, beets, turnips, and indeed nearly all vegetables, are ill adapted to weak stomachs—to all stomachs—unless thoroughly cooked. The potato is almost the only vegetable that is injured by being overdone. This, to be good, should be eaten just at the point when it is fairly cooked, and if ripe and mealy it is very palatable, nutritious, and easily digested. Modern ingenuity or Epicureanism has devised numerous methods for cooking this invaluable tuber, but there is really no way so good as the old-fashioned one of boiling. My method with vegetables of all kinds is to put them into the water when it is boiling, keep up a steady heat until they are cooked tender, then add salt, butter, &c.

It is really a wearisome task to wade through a modern cook book, and learn all the various methods of disposing of the animal kingdom; they may, however, be summed up under four general heads—frying, boiling, roasting, or baking, and broiling. Meat fried, is generally considered by hygienists as being very indigestible; but when cooked in that way, it should be put into hot fat and well cooked. Meat for boiling should be put with a small quantity of cold water and a little salt, into a close covered stewpan, and by a slow, gentle fire, raised to the boiling heat. Let the scum be taken off, and the water kept moderately boiling till the meat is tender. In baking and roasting the great object is to cook the meat quickly without burning. Meat broiled should be placed over a bed of quick, lively coals, and often turned. Let the gridiron be somewhat inclined, so that the fat may not drop on the coals. Pork, veal, and lamb should be thoroughly cooked, otherwise they are unpalatable. Beef, when broiled, baked or roasted, is better if made rare. Poultry, and boiled meats of all kinds, should be cooked until the meat will readily cleave from the bones.

Fresh fish usually requires a good deal of cooking; while fish that is pickled and dried should be soaked several hours in warm water, and merely scalded before being brought on the table.

I intended to say something about getting dinner, but must save that till next time.
KATY COOK.

For the Anoka Star.
The Committee appointed by the Writing Class of Prof. A. J. Shaw, to decide upon the merits of specimens as to improvement and best writing, make the following

REPORT:

Improvement, Miss Katie Martin.

Best writing, A. C. Tilden.

The committee were well pleased with the degree of improvement exhibited in nearly all the specimens, which is certainly very flattering to them and their teachers, when we take into account the small room occupied by a class of over forty—not giving them the chance for improvement which better accommodations would have done.

G. A. JENKS,
E. PRATT,
Miss L. A. CORBETT,
Miss SUEBA,
Committee.

Anoka, Wednesday Eve., Aug. 10, 1864.
—There are many religions, but only one code of morals.

THE SEVENTH MINNESOTA.

"It will not offend good taste if I tell something of the Seventh in the first hard-fought battle. The Press has too many readers whose hearts are linked to the brave men of the ranks not to demand rather that justice should be done the soldier by making known the appreciation of his gallantry by veterans whose compliments are not easily given."
The above, Mr. Editor, is an extract from the letter of Col. Wm R. Marshall of the 7th Minnesota, to the St. Paul Press, and it contains the sentiments of every true Minnesotan. Col. Marshall is a gentleman, and was actuated in the above by the same motive which prompted the publication of an extract from a letter of the Major of the Iowa 12th, to a friend in this place, and I am free to acknowledge that I was surprised to see in the Star of last week the low and silly communication of "Hail Columbia!" not so much that a scurrilous blackguard could be found who would write such an article, but that a journal claiming the respect of the community should admit such vulgar stuff to its columns.
G.

ANNOUNCEMENT.

MR. EDITOR:—I announce myself as a candidate for the next session of our State Legislature. If I have not had my rights heretofore that is no reason they should be longer deferred. I presume I have as many friends in the representative district as any other individual. There should be no war in our ranks as regards the candidate. I would be far more glorious for those young men who are not afraid of shot and shell, to grasp the "shield and draw the sword" in defence of our country's rights in this hour of trial.
W. P. CLARK.
St. Francis, Minn., August 6, 1864.

GEN. GRANT AS A STEVEDORE.

A Petersburg correspondent of the Philadelphia Press says, a few days since General Grant was walking around the docks of City Point, when he stopped to see some negroes roll a barrel of bacon on board of a boat. The negroes were unable to move it, when a crusty lieutenant who stood near, dressed in his fine blue clothes, shouted, "Go d—d niggers, push harder, or you get another man to help you." Without saying a word, Gen. Grant pulled up his sleeves and helped the negroes roll the barrel on the boat; then he drew his silk handkerchief from his pocket, and wiping his hands, moved quickly away. You may imagine how this Second Lieutenant felt when he was told that the stevedore was no less than the Commander-in-Chief of the United States armies. The General was dressed in coarse homespun, with his hat drawn over his eyes, and one of the most unpretending looking personages one could imagine.

COPPERHEADS AND THE WAR.

The copperheads are very fond of telling how long the war has lasted, and how many lives and how much money it has cost. Will they endeavor to figure up how long it would have lasted, how many lives and how much money it would have cost, if they had not opposed the war? Their accusations against the war are so many confessions of their own treason. On their own heads rests the greater portion of the waste and bloodshed of the war. They could have aided the government to close it long ago. The war would never have begun had not the rebels a well founded confidence upon the aid which the copperheads would afford them, by opposing the efforts of the government to put down the rebellion.—[Detroit Advertiser.

—It is said that the order of Gen. Washburne, placing prominent secessionists on the railway trains that go out from Memphis, as targets for bushwhackers, is having a salutary effect. Not a shot has been fired at any train since the order went into effect.

—Pigeons are hatched in 18 days, chickens in 21, turkeys 26, ducks and geese in 30.

—Maple molasses was first made in 1765, in Berardstown, now in Franklin county, Massachusetts.

Oh! for Happy Childhood

BY W. S. GAFFNEY.
Oh! for happy childhood!
Oh! for young Spring's day!
Children are philosophers,
In their simple way!
They gather April's sunshine
For December's day;
And in their juvenescence keep
The sunny side the way!
Oh! for happy childhood!
Oh! for days gone by!
Oh! for the aspirations
Born, alas, to die!
Oh! for the pure heart petals
Of our young Spring's day—
When our footsteps only knew
The sunny side the way!
Let us heed the lesson,
In our manhood's prime—
Which came by initiation
In youth's happy time:
Earth's purest bliss is germinating
For us every day,
And Heaven's—if we only keep
The sunny side the way!
[Peterson's Magazine.

THE NEW ATLANTIC CABLE.

In a letter, M. D. Conway gives the following interesting description of the new Atlantic Cable:

An object of much interest to scientific men and others is the new Atlantic cable, at the Gutta Percha works here (London.) It is coated by a new method, discovered and patented by a Mr. Chatterton, a compound being used which causes the gutta percha to adhere firmly without the use of naphtha, which has proven so injurious. The wires having been formed into a strand, and six wires twisted round a central one, they are passed through a vessel containing Chatterton's compound, and are then covered with their first coat of gutta percha, about an eighth of an inch thick.

After examination and test by hydraulic pressure, this firm core receives another coating of Chatterton's compound and then another layer of gutta percha; and so on until it is a little over half an inch in thickness. It is then covered with ten solid wires, each capable of sustaining a strain of one thousand pounds, at which strain it only stretches one per cent. The homogeneous wires are separately surrounded with five strands of Manila yarn, saturated with a preservative compound, the poisonous qualities of which have been found by experiment sufficient to prevent its destruction by the fishes; and the whole are laid spirally around the core which is padded with hemp saturated by the preservative mixture. The weight of the cable as complete is thirty-five and three-fourths cwt. per mile, weight in the air; but its specific gravity is said to be so little that it is capable of bearing eleven miles of its length when in water, a strain it is impossible it should ever be put to—the deepest water encountered in laying the old cable being two and a half nautical miles. The company have made arrangements to turn off fifty miles per week of the cable.

TERMS OF PEACE.

President Lincoln sent the following letter to the so called rebel peace commissioners at Niagara Falls. It is good;
WASHINGTON, July 18, 1864.

To all whom it may concern:
Any proposition which embraces the restoration of peace, the integrity of the whole Union, and the abandonment of slavery, and comes by and with an authority that can control the armies now at war against the United States, will be met by liberal terms on substantial and collateral points; and the bearer thereof shall have safe conduct both ways.
ABRAHAM LINCOLN.

TRAINING HORSES TO STEP HIGH.

—In Germany this is done by putting large magnifying spectacles upon the young horses, which magnify the size of pebbles, and get the horse in the habit of lifting his feet high, and the habit once fixed, continues, and this increases his value as a stately carriage horse for the London market.—[Prairie Farmer,

DEATH ON FISH.—Millions of fish in the Ohio canal have been poisoned by the discharge of refuse from the extensive distilleries, and lodge along the bank in such numbers as to threaten a pestilence. If the refuse of Ohio whisky carries such death to animals, asks a paper in that region, what must the whisky itself do?

—Lawrence, Kansas, the scene of the vengeance of Quantrel, has again risen from its ashes.

ADVERTISING RATES.
Ten lines or less make one square.
One column, one year, \$50 00
Half column, one year, 30 00
Quarter column, one year, 18 00
Business cards, 10 lines or less, one year, 6 00
One square one week, 75
Each additional week, 25
Legal advertisements at St. Paul rates.
Bills payable at the end of each quarter.

To be a successful business man, one should first thoroughly understand his business; 2d, he should possess proper business habits—activity, order, promptness and punctuality; 3d, he should be honest, sociable, agreeable and inviting in his manner; 4th, he needs to become acquainted with the people and they with him; and to this end he must ADVERTISE.

NEWSPAPERS.

A newspaper is a school in a family worth ten dollars a year. Even the most barren papers bring something new. Children read or hear the contents, gain intelligence of the affairs of the world, and acquire useful knowledge of more importance to them in life than a present of fifty acres of land. Parents are not aware of the vast importance of a newspaper in a family of children. We have the remark before us, and we repeat it, take two families equally smart, and both go to the same school, let one of them have the free use of a newspaper, and it would excite astonishment to mark the difference between them. Full one half, and an important half of education, as it respects the business of the world and the ability to raise and make one's self respectable in it, is derived from newspapers. What parent would not wish his children respectable? Who would be willing to have his neighbor's children smarter than his own? Yet how trifling the sum a paper costs! It is even in these hard times absolutely contemptible in amount, and no man ever felt it except in its beneficial consequences, who paid the subscription regularly once a year.

FLOWERS.—Thousands of acres of soil are annually planted with flowers in France and Italy, for making perfume alone. A single grower in Southern France sells annually 60,000 pounds of rose flowers, 30,000 pounds each of jasmine and tuberose, and 40,000 pounds of violet blossoms, besides thousands of pounds of mint, thyme, rosemary, &c., and he is but one of hundreds engaged in this branch of horticulture. The atmosphere of some of these towns is so filled with fragrance that a person is made aware of his approach to them by the odors which greet him miles away.—[Prairie Farmer.

—Common sense is valuable in all kinds of business except love making.
—The Petersburg papers have suspended publication.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

High School.

THE next Term of the Anoka High School will commence Tuesday, September 6th. The best facilities will be afforded in this School for young persons of both sexes to gain a knowledge of the Common and Higher English Branches, as well as the Languages.
Tuition (payable in advance) \$5.
4247 W. B. GREENE, Prin.

HOWARD ASSOCIATION,

PHILADELPHIA, PA.
DISEASES OF THE NERVOUS, SEXUAL, URINARY, AND SEXUAL SYSTEMS—new and reliable treatment in reports of the HOWARD ASSOCIATION—sent by mail in sealed letter envelopes, free of charge. Address Dr. J. SKILLIN HOUGHTON, Howard Association, No. 2 South Ninth street, Philadelphia, Pa. 4537

NOTICE.

The copartnership heretofore existing between Randolph & Robbins is this day dissolved by mutual consent.
J. M. RANDOLPH,
S. C. ROBBINS.
Anoka, August 3, 1864.
Having purchased the interest of S. C. Robbins in the above named firm, the business will be continued as heretofore by J. M. RANDOLPH.

MUNGER BROS.,

MUSIC DEALERS,

CONCERT HALL BLOCK,

Third Street, Saint Paul, Minnesota

SOLE AGENTS FOR

STEINWAY & SONS,

CHICKERING.

UNITED PIANO FORTES.

CALENDORG & VAUFEL,

JAMES W. VOSE'S,

FISCHER'S AND

GROVESTEIN'S PIANOS.

Also, PRINCE'S Melodeons and School Organs, and MASON & HARRIS' Cabinet Organs and Melodeons. All the above instruments at Manufacturer's prices.
We always keep a full assortment of Strings, Violins, Guitars, Banjos, Flutes, Clarinets, Pipes, Drums, Bugles, Band Instruments, and all others pertaining to the trade.
We have constantly on hand the only complete stock of Sheet Music, Musical Instruments, and Musical Merchandise in the Northwest.
227 Church Organs, Melodeons and Pianos tuned and repaired.
N. B.—All instruments sold by us are fully warranted.
4247

MISCELLANY.

LADIES VS. GENTLEMEN.—Three things that a lady cannot do:

- 1st. She cannot pass a millinery shop without stopping.
- 2d. She cannot see a piece of lace without asking the price.
- 3d. She cannot see a baby without kissing it.

A lady of our acquaintance turns the tables on the gentlemen as follows:

- Three things a gentleman cannot do: 1st. He cannot go through the house and shut the doors after him.
- 2d. He cannot have a shirt made to suit him.
- 3d. He cannot be pleased with ladies' fashions.

SMOKING GROWING COSTLY.—To be able to smoke a good Havana now-a-days one must be not merely a "gentleman" (loafers) but a man of wealth. Twenty to twenty-five cents currency is the lowest figure for a good cigar, heretofore costing five or six cents. Pipes are coming frightfully into use, and tobacco is the most profitable crop a Massachusetts farmer can raise.

—Mr. VOLNEY B. PALMER, of Philadelphia, died in this city on the 29th ult., aged 65 years. Mr. Palmer was born in West Jersey, educated a printer, migrated to Pottsville, Pa., in the infancy of the coal trade, and was largely engaged in business there for some years, when he removed to the Atlantic seaboard and originated the system of comprehensive and systematic Advertising, through the journals of the whole country, which has since grown into such importance. He for years had offices in New York, Boston, Philadelphia, and Baltimore, and was largely instrumental in procuring the diffusion of city advertisements throughout—often the same announcement in several hundreds of journals. He has for some years been failing, in mental and bodily vigor, and had almost wholly withdrawn from business, leaving therein few men juster, worthier, or more willing to "live and let live."—[N. Y. Trib.]

—The population of Brigham Young's dominions is to be augmented by eight hundred and fifty saints, who recently passed through Chicago, consisting mostly of English, mixed with a few Germans, French, Swiss, and Danes—mostly young people.

—Hay is twelve and a half cents a pound in Colorado.

—The Empress Eugenie has decreed the downfall of high bonnets.

GUARDIAN'S SALE.

NOTICE is hereby given that pursuant to an order and license granted by the Probate Court of the county of Ramsey, in the State of Minnesota, I will sell at public auction, at the front door of the office of the Register of Deeds of the county of Sherburne, in said State, on the twelfth day of August, A. D. 1864, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of said day, to the highest bidder for cash, the following described tract of land, situated in said Sherburne county, being the property of Hannah O. Wadsworth, a widow, to wit: The west half of the northeast quarter of section thirty-two, in township thirty-four, of range twenty-eight, containing eighty acres, according to the government survey thereof.

Dated July 16, 1864.

W. H. GRANT, Guardian of said minor.

French Breakfast and Dinner COFFEE.

OWING to the very high price of Coffee, and the great difficulty in procuring a good, uniform and reliable article our customers have often expressed a wish that they could be supplied from first hand. It was the intention of THE GREAT AMERICAN TEA COMPANY to do a strictly Tea business, but as we have had some customers living at a distance that have relied upon us to supply them exclusively with Tea and Coffee, it being inconvenient for them to come to New York, the Great Tea and Coffee Emporium of this country—and as our Tea Taster was possessed of information relating to a Coffee that could be furnished at a moderate price, and give universal satisfaction, and at the same time afford the retailer a handsome profit—we have been compelled to supply those parties. This Coffee has become so popular with our customers, and their sales have increased to such an extent that we have been compelled to make large additions to our machinery, which will enable us to supply a few more customers with it. We will therefore send it to those who order.

It is fast superseding all other Coffees.

This Coffee has been used for more than a century in Paris, and since its introduction into this country it has been in use by some of the leading French Restaurants here. The Parisians are said to be the best judges of coffee; and the great favor in which it is held by them is the best recommendation that can be produced for its true flavor and healthy effects upon the human system.

We put up but one grade of this Coffee, and that of a quality that our customers have found from experience will give perfect satisfaction and meet all the demands of their trade. It is the lowest price that we can recommend.

We do all our business on the most extensive scale, buy by the cargo and sell at only two cents per pound profit.

We put up this Coffee in Barrels only, of 125 Pounds each. This method of putting it up saves from 2 to 5 cents per pound to the consumer, and by its being in a large quantity it retains its fine flavor much longer in this form than in any other. We send with each barrel Show Cards, Circulars and Posters, to assist the dealer to introduce to his customers. We hope our customers will take pains to have them well posted up and distributed, as it will be to their advantage to do so.

This Coffee we warrant to give perfect satisfaction, and if it does not please, the purchaser has the privilege of returning the whole or any part of it within 60 days, and having his money refunded together with all the expenses of transportation both ways.

We issue a Price Circular of our Tea and Coffee, which we are glad to send free to all who wish it. Consumers of coffee should inquire for the French Breakfast and Dinner Coffee, and be sure that it was purchased of the

GREAT AMERICAN TEA COMPANY, IMPORTERS AND JOBBERS, 40:3m 35 & 37 Vesey Street, New York.

SOLDIER'S DAILY PRAYER.

Our Father, who art in Washington, Uncle Abraham be thy name; Thy victory won; Thy will be done at the South as in the North; give us this day our daily rations of crackers and pork; and forgive us our shortcomings as we forgive our Quartermasters; for thine is the power, the soldiers, and the Negroes, for the space of three years. Amen.

—Smith made an assertion to Jones. Jones replied that was "a confounded lie—kely story." Smith first started, then politely requested Jones to place his syllables closer together on the next occasion.

—A newspaper called the Waterford News has been started in Loudon county, Virginia. It is edited by three ladies, and is strong for the Union.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT. FIRST PERMANENT MILLINERY STORE IN ANOKA.

Mrs. Wm. W. Payne

WOULD announce to the citizens of Anoka and surrounding country, the fact that she has opened, in the building known as the Branch & Trask Store, west side of Rum river, a large and well selected stock of fashionable Millinery Goods, consisting of Ladies' and Misses' Hats, with Ribbons and Trimmings to suit. Also, nice Hand Boxes to put them in, with a great variety of other articles too numerous to mention, all of which she will sell as low as can be bought in this State.

Having secured the services of Mrs. J. H. Pearl, an experienced Milliner, she is confident of giving entire satisfaction, both as to style and quality of her work.

Repairing done to order.

Thankful to our friends for past favors of various kinds, we now solicit their trade and patronage in this line, as we will sell our goods as low as can be bought this side of Chicago. 35:2m Anoka, May 14, 1864.

CHANGE OF TIME.

Office St. Paul & PACIFIC RAILROAD COMPANY

St. Paul, Jan. 1, 1864.

On and after Friday, January 1, and until further notice, the Trains of the St. P. and P. R. R. will run as follows:

MORNING.		
Leave St. Paul	7 00 A. M.	
" St. Anthony	7 45 "	
" Manomin	8 05 "	
Arrive at Anoka	8 40 "	
Leave Anoka	8 55 "	
" Manomin	9 30 "	
" St. Anthony	9 55 "	
Arrive St. Paul	10 15 "	
EVENING.		
Leave St. Paul	2 45 P. M.	
" St. Anthony	3 30 "	
" Manomin	3 50 "	
Arrive at Anoka	4 25 "	
Leave Anoka	4 40 "	
" Manomin	5 15 "	
" St. Anthony	5 40 "	
Arrive St. Paul	6 30 "	

F. R. DELANO, Assistant Superintendent.

POST OFFICE, ANOKA.

OFFICE HOURS.

From 7 o'clock A. M. to 7 1/2 P. M.

DEPARTURE AND ARRIVAL OF MAILS.

Eastern Mail—Leaves daily, except Sundays; closes at 2 o'clock P. M.

Northern Mail—Leaves Anoka daily, except Sundays; closes at 8 A. M.

Princeton Mail—For Princeton, Cambridge and Brunswick, leaves Anoka on Friday at 9 o'clock A. M.

Arrives at Anoka on Saturday at 4 o'clock P. M. Mail closes half an hour before the time of starting.

G. A. JENKS, Post Master.

BLACKSMITHING.

JAMES M. McGLAULFIN, ANOKA, MINN.

Would inform the citizens of Anoka and vicinity, that he can be found at all times at Ford's old shop on the east side of Rum river, where he is prepared to do all kinds of work cheap for cash or produce. Particular attention paid to shoeing oxen and entire satisfaction warranted. Old axes newly steamed and new ones made to order. A continuance of patronage is respectfully solicited.

Anoka, January 15th, 1861.

WHEELER & WILSON'S



SEWING MACHINES.

Merit Alone Makes a Sewing Machine VALUABLE.

The people are perceiving that Glowing Representations ARE NOT MERIT.

That it is economy and wisdom to purchase only sewing Machines of known practical utility. THIS MACHINE IS PROFITABLE AND AVAILABLE A LIFE TIME.

An annual dividend of 100 to 500 per cent (on its cost) may be obtained in its use, by its possession.

There are over 95,000 WHEELER & WILSON Machines in use in this country and Europe. It is the only Machine in the world making the LOCK STITCH with the Rotating Hook and using the Glass Foot.

The WHEELER & WILSON Machines are right, and if they do not operate well it is because people are not fully instructed in their use.

ALL MACHINES ARE WARRANTED, AND FULL INSTRUCTIONS GIVEN. All persons owning Wheeler & Wilson Machines can have them properly adjusted FREE OF CHARGE, by calling at the WHEELER & WILSON Rooms, in the Greenleaf Block, No. 244 Third street, St. Paul, a few doors below the Post Office.

F. M. JOHNSON, Agent. St. Paul, September 6th, 1863.

—Crinoline is fast disappearing in Parisian circles. It is thought that in another year or so it will be unknown in Paris.

NEW SPRING GOODS!

We have now a complete assortment of

DRY GOODS, Groceries, Hats, Caps, Straw Goods, Clothing, Boots, Shoes, Crockett and Hardware.

Thankful for past favors, we invite our friends and patrons to examine our new stock, which we shall sell for CASH or READY PAY, as low as the time will admit. F. M. STOWELL & CO.

Call and examine our Ladies' Hats, Shakers, and Summer Shawls.

F. M. STOWELL & CO.

We have a few pieces of Fancy Dress Silks, to close out Cheap!

F. M. STOWELL & CO.

We have a lot of Ladies' and Misses' Slippers, Gaiters and Congress Boots, which we will sell very low.

STOWELL & CO.

We keep Flour, Feed, Salt, Lime, and Plastering Hair, to sell by the quantity.

F. M. STOWELL & CO.

We will pay the highest market price for all kinds of Country Produce.

F. M. STOWELL & CO.

R. C. MITCHELL,

Attorney and Counsellor at Law, County Attorney and Notary Public.

Having permanently located in Anoka, I hope, by promptness, fidelity and industry, to merit the confidence of all who may intrust business to my care.

Special attention given to the collection of debts. A full supply of blank deeds, mortgages and other legal papers, kept constantly on hand and no charge made for the same, when filled and acknowledged by me.

Office over E. H. & A. T. Davis' hardware store, first door at left hand, up stairs.

R. C. MITCHELL, Anoka, Minn., May 14th, 1864.

COLEMAN & McGLAULFIN,

HAVING entered into copartnership to carry on the business of Blacksmithing, would inform the public that they are prepared to do all kinds of work in their line. Particular attention will be paid to Horse and Ox shoeing. All work warranted. They hope to receive the patronage of old friends and customers. Their shop is on the street below Davis' Store.

10:1y J. D. COLEMAN, G. D. McGLAULFIN.

HOWARD M. ATKINS,

ATTORNEY AT LAW, Princeton, Minnesota.

Particular attention given to Collections and Tax-Paying for non-resident land holders. Will take general charge of lands or other property in Mille Lac County.

Office over E. H. & A. T. Davis' hardware store, first door at left hand, up stairs.

15:3m Auditor and Attorney of Mille Lac County.

JOSEPH I. BEAUMONT,

DEALER IN

Teas, Coffees, Spices, Sugars, Syrups,

And all goods pertaining to the business of a

Wholesale Grocer,

INCLUDING

TOBACCO, CIGARS,

WINE, LIQUORS, AND PURE OLD F. AND BOURBON WHISKIES.

Please call and examine this stock before purchasing.

Cor. Third and Jackson sts., - ST. PAUL, MIN.

JOHN H. MARTIN,

Dealer in

Clocks, Watches,

JEWELRY, SILVERWARE, &c., &c.

ANOKA, MINNESOTA.

Clocks, Watches and Jewelry carefully repaired and warranted.

NEW STORE,

New Goods.

DICKENS & BOULTER,

Have opened the store at the west end of the Bridge formerly occupied as a Match Factory, where they will keep constantly on hand a good assortment of staple

DRY GOODS,

Groceries,

BOOTS & SHOES, &c,

Which will be sold at very low figures for ready pay.

All goods warranted to give satisfaction; if not return them, and your money will be refunded. All kinds of Produce taken in exchange for goods.

Bring along your Butter and Eggs, and the highest market price will be paid for the same.

Anoka, August 15th, 1863.

FARM FOR SALE,

Or Exchange.

A N excellent Farm is offered for sale or in exchange for improved Property in the Town of Anoka, Minnesota. The farm is situated in the town of Carlton, Carl county, Iowa, in British Fork Valley, first and second bottoms. The line of the Cedar Rapids and Missouri River Railroad runs within ten miles of the place. It comprises one hundred and sixty acres—50 acres in cultivation, and 40 in timber; prairie as handsome as any in Iowa, and as for soil it cannot be surpassed. A stream of water runs through the middle of it, with timber on one side and prairie on the other. It is excellent land for corn or wheat, and splendid for stock, sheep, cattle or hogs. It has a salt spring within ten rods of the house, and there is no trouble in salting stock the year round. The timber makes an excellent shelter against the cold winds of winter, and the house is in the edge of the timber. The object of the proprietor for selling is old age, and wishing to retire from the farming business.

Price of the farm three thousand dollars.

For further particulars inquire of E. S. Teller of Anoka, or Benjamin Teller, on the premises.

42:2m

Meat Market.

S. WASHBURN has taken the Meat stand near Davis' Hardware Store in Anoka, and would inform the public that he will supply customers with fresh or salt Beef, Pork, etc., as can be had elsewhere. Please give him a call.

43:4t

Great Bargains

AT THE

CHEAP CASH STORE.

218 Third St., Saint Paul.

GOODS

Are very high, and everybody should save all they can; therefore go to

THE CAEAP CASH STORE!

For notwithstanding the great advance in goods, we are selling our stock of

Summer Goods

very cheap. We have DRESS GOODS at from 15 cents up, at all prices to suit customers.

We have a large stock of

SILK SACQUES

AND CIRCULARS,

which we are selling at reduced prices, to close the stock.

Remember the place—

No. 218 Third Street, Saint Paul, Minnesota.

15:1y H. KNOX TAYLOR

ANOKA LIBRARY ASSOCIATION.

THE Library consists of some six or seven hundred Volumes of various kinds. It is kept in the Picture Gallery, over F. M. Stowell & Co.'s Store. Terms of membership—Ladies, 50 cents; gentlemen \$1 per annum. Books loaned for five cents per week to those who are not members. Books can be drawn every day, except Sundays. Rules and regulations of the Association, which are to be found pasted in front of each book, will be strictly adhered to.

N. B.—Books can be left in the store below when the Librarian is not in his office.

E. H. & A. T. DAVIS,

ANOKA, MINN.

Dealers in Hardware, Stoves, House Furnish ing Goods, Agricultural Implements, &c., and Manufacturers of Tin, Sheet Iron and Copper Ware.

Anoka, July 27th 1861.

ANOKA Flour Mills.

This establishment has been thoroughly renovated during the past summer, and put in the highest state of efficiency.

Competent and obliging millers are in constant attendance.

Barrels Furnished and Flour Packed.

SMILEY & WOODBURY.

Anoka October 15th, 1860.

FINKLE & LYON'S

SEWING MACHINES.

The greatest improvement yet in the Sewing Machine art. A curiosity worth seeing.

Please send for circular with sample of sewing.

These Improved Machines save ONE HUNDRED PER CENT. of thread and silk, and make the LOCK-STITCH alike on both sides.

They require no instruction to operate perfectly, except "the printed directions."

No change in sewing from one kind of goods to another.

And no taking apart to clean or oil.

Our NEW MANUFACTORY is now complete, with all its machinery and tools entirely new, and is already rapidly turning out Machines, which for beauty and perfection of finish are not surpassed by any manufactured in the world.

N. B.—Should any Machine prove unsatisfactory, it can be returned and money refunded.

Agents wanted in counties not canvassed by our own agents.

FINKLE & LYON, S. M. CO.

No. 538 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.

aug7 12mo.

EDWARD H. BIGGS,

WHOLESALE DRUGGIST,

NO. 131 THIRD STREET, (OPPOSITE THOMPSON'S BANK,) SAINT PAUL, MINN.,

Invites the attention of purchasers to the largest and best selected stock ever brought to Minnesota, consisting of

DRUGS, MEDICINES, PAINTS, OILS, TURPENTINE, WINDOW GLASS PATENT MEDICINES,

And every article comprised in a well filled Drug Store, and assures all of satisfaction in every respect.

18:1y

WATSON, DENSMORE & CO.,

Manufacturers and Dealers in

Bread, Cakes, Crackers,

Confectionery,

Palmer's Celebrated Vinegar,

Carbon Oil, Burning Fluid & Benzole,

At Northwestern Steam Bakery,

Corner of Robert Street and the Levee, 42:5m ST. PAUL, MINN.

DO YOU WISH TO BE CURED?

DR. BUCHANAN'S ENGLISH SPECIFIC PILLS cure, in less than 30 days, the worst cases of Nervousness, Impotency, Premature Decay, Seminal Weakness, I. sanity, and all Urinary, Sexual and Nervous Affections, no matter from what cause produced. Price One Dollar per box. Sent, post-paid, by mail, on receipt of an order. One box will perfect a cure in most cases. Address JAMES S. BUTLER, General Agent 42 Broadway New York.

HO! FOR A RIDE!

Cheap, pleasant and quick!

to St. Paul, via

Saint Paul and Pacific R. R.!

Immense Stock

OF SEASONABLE GOODS,

to be closed out at

THE ANOKA STAR.

Published every Saturday, at the Randolph Building, Anoka, Minnesota.

By A. G. SPALDING.

TERMS.
Two Dollars per annum, strictly in advance.

"The Press is the great lever of civilization; the agency of development, enlightenment, progress, and perfection of mankind; the instrumentality of the life, order and beauty of human society. Therefore, it should never be degraded by low, base and trifling things; but whatever is good for all men, aiding them in their intellectual development, and their moral, social and political welfare—that should be the work of the Press."

UNION PRESIDENTIAL TICKET

For President:
Abraham Lincoln,
OF ILLINOIS.

For Vice President:
Andrew Johnson,
OF TENNESSEE.

For Representative in Congress—2d District,
Ignatius Donnelly.

For Presidential Electors:
CHARLES H. LINSEY, J. J. MORSE,
JOHN G. BART, J. W. MORROW.

For Chief Justice of the Supreme Court,
THOMAS WILSON.

For Associate Justice,
H. J. R. McHILL, J. J. MORSE.

For State Senator,
JOHN S. PILLBURY OF HENNEPIN COUNTY.

For Representatives in State Legislature,
F. M. STOWELL OF ANOKA COUNTY,
STEPHEN HEWSON OF ANOKA COUNTY.

County Ticket.

For Auditor,
H. F. BLODGETT.

For Sheriff,
T. G. HENDERSON.

For County Attorney,
R. C. MITCHELL.

For District Clerk,
A. C. TILDEN.

For Coroner,
S. STOKWELL.

For County Surveyor,
ELIAS PRATT.

Our Nominees.

We present our readers to-day with a full ticket. Our local nominations have not been made without some little zeal and excitement on the part of the people. But it is exceedingly gratifying when a community processing the same political faith in respect to great principles can lay aside personal preferences and come together in harmony. Unselfishness and an open, friendly action are very much in favor of any man. While that sort of whispering, pussy-cat method of electing officers and office seeking sometimes adopted has no high motive, dignity, or self-respect. Nay, it is insignificant and mean; and we would abolish all offices rather than fill them in that way.

According to our creed all correct political principle is based on moral principle; and we trust there is moral sense enough among the people to respond to a bold and manly avowal of it. Let it be tried. Some of our candidates we presume will address the public on important issues, holding up the truth, and challenging opponents to meet it. The great question of Universal Freedom, with which Abraham Lincoln and the War now stand identified, is first to be settled. The battle-field and the ballot box are the umpires. The hosts of Evil are awake with all the arts and schemes of Pandemonium. Let no friend of God and Right be napping!

Our State Legislature is going to have work to do. It wants the men for it. It wants men of practical ability. Wooden men will not do. The State is developing like a young giant, in every resource and advantage, and their successful management demands the highest skill and wisdom.

Then as to our local interests, they are great or small, according to the eyes we look through. Some men are very "conservative," and see no chance for improvement in a life time. But we don't claim to belong to that party, and so we see great possibilities, as it were through a magnifying glass. We believe much can be done, not only by those who get offices but by those who don't; and shall therefore venture to say we think no man worthy of a vote for the meanest place who is not generous and zealous for the public good—who will not contribute liberally of his means and influence to promote every worthy enterprise of his town and county. Let that be the test, and let every man be marked!

A detachment of the Worcester, Mass. Sharpshooters, under command of Capt. Davis, have been spending a few weeks in the neighborhood. They are under orders to report at Briggs' Lake, in the Indian country, and left yesterday with fifteen days' rations, where it is hoped they may find a "foeman worthy of his steel."

Arthur for September is received. It is one of the best family journals.

THE ANOKA STAR.

Virtue, Intelligence, Order, Industry, Friendship, Unity, Happiness.

VOLUME I. } ANOKA, MIN., SATURDAY, AUGUST 20, 1864. { NUMBER 47.

The News.

Sherman is doing well at Atlanta. The city is besieged and will have to give up in time.

On Monday the rebels, under Wheeler, attacked Dalton, but were repulsed—one of our colored regiments taking a conspicuous part.

Grant has changed his movements, and is now pressing hard on Richmond. He is within six miles of the city.

There is great Indian excitement. Hundreds of Indian lodges are said to be preparing to fight General Sully, if they have not already attacked him.

The rebel pirate Tallahassee is playing mischief at the East.

F. M. Stowell & Co's steam mill, we understand is to be immediately rebuilt, larger and better than before. We are glad of this, for the sake of the proprietors as well as for the town. It has become an indispensable institution, and no man who regards his own interest or that of others can afford to do without it. Hence the general desire for its reconstruction. Laborers want it for the sake of employment; capitalists need it for the sake of the value it will give to property.

PERSONAL.—R. M. Johnson, Esq., has enlisted in the Eleventh Regiment. He is one of our oldest settlers, having come to Anoka in 1824, since which time he has held many offices of trust in the County and District. Success to him.

Lieut. H. S. Home, of Hatch's Battalion, is at home on a short furlough.

We are now having quite cool mornings, but warm afternoons.

COUNTY NOMINATIONS.

Agreeably to previous notice, the Convention for the nomination of County Officers, and for the selection of delegates to the Legislative District Union Convention, came off at the Third Avenue School House on Monday last, at which time the following nominations were made, viz:

For Auditor, H. F. BLODGETT.
For Sheriff, T. G. HENDERSON.
For County Attorney, R. C. MITCHELL.
For District Clerk, A. C. TILDEN.
For Coroner, S. STOKWELL.
For County Surveyor, E. PRATT.

PROCEEDINGS

Of the Fourth District Legislative Convention.

The Legislative Convention of the Fourth District convened at Anoka, August 17th, at 11 o'clock, a. m., and was called to order by J. B. Gillilan, Chairman of the District Committee.

E. W. Cutter, Esq., of St. Anthony, was appointed Chairman, and R. C. Mitchell, of Anoka, Secretary.

On motion, F. E. Baldwin, T. G. Jones, W. F. Cahill, O. B. Sturtevant, and Stephen Hewson were appointed a Committee on Credentials.

The Committee appointed as delegates from Hennepin county, H. Webber, J. Orth, Frank Berry, Daniel Baldwin, E. W. Cutter, T. J. Tuttle, J. B. Gillilan, W. F. Cahill, J. G. Johnson, N. H. Hennip, E. W. Grindall, and James McMullin; Anoka county, G. A. Jenks, R. C. Mitchell, Job Eastman, W. W. Waterman, Thos. G. Jones, F. M. Stowell, and Franklin Whitten; Sherburne county, F. E. Baldwin, S. Hadden, and John E. Putnam; Mille Lac county, E. J. Whitney, and O. B. Sturtevant; Manoufin and Benton counties not represented.

On motion of N. H. Hennip, John S. Pillsbury, of St. Anthony, was nominated by acclamation for Senator.

On motion of G. A. Jenks, F. M. Stowell, of Anoka, was nominated by acclamation as the first candidate for Representative; and

On motion of Thos. G. Jones, Stephen Hewson, of Isanti, was nominated by acclamation as the second candidate for Representative.

The following gentlemen were then appointed as District Committee for the ensuing year, viz: J. B. Gillilan of Hennepin, F. M. Stowell of Anoka,

F. E. Baldwin of Sherburne, H. M. Atkins of Mille Lac, and J. C. Hicks of Benton.

On motion, the District Committee were instructed to revise the appointment of delegates between the several counties of the District.

F. M. Stowell, being called upon, made a short but eloquent and patriotic speech, in which he showed that he understood, and that he is entirely orthodox on all the important issues of the day.

Mr. Hewson followed in an earnest speech, brim full of patriotism, and which showed that, if elected, he meant to discharge his whole duty.

Hon. Thos. G. Jones, of Anoka, being called upon, made some remarks in relation to local politics which were well timed and appropriate. He said that during the canvass for Representative in his own county, he had endeavored to stand entirely aloof. He had carefully watched the canvass, and he believed the contest to have been fairly and squarely made. The two candidates came fairly and squarely before the canvass and the county convention, and our candidate is now before the people. He was willing to place himself right on the record, and he said he considered the man who will go into the caucus or convention, and is there fairly beaten, and who will not then abide the nomination, is not worthy to be called a Republican. He said he had a great work to do, and that for sake of our country we must lay aside all petty personal dislikes, and go forth to battle against a common and a powerful foe.

Mr. Pillsbury, the candidate for Senator, being absent, Mr. J. B. Gillilan made a few remarks in his behalf, in which he assured the Convention that Mr. P.'s views upon all the questions involved in the canvass are such as to entitle him to the cordial support of the party by whom he has been renominated.

On motion, the Anoka Star, State Atlas, and St. Paul Press were requested to publish the proceedings of the Convention.

On motion, the Convention then adjourned.

E. W. CUTTER, Chairman.
R. C. MITCHELL, Secretary.

THE PROCLAMATION OF FREEDOM—A GREAT PAINTING.

"Carleton," of the Boston Journal, writes from Washington, July 14:

I had the pleasure this morning of looking at Carpenter's great historical painting of the Cabinet Council over the Proclamation of Freedom. It is not yet finished, but is far enough advanced to enable one to judge of what it will be when completed. The figures are all of them faithful portraits of the President and his ministers. There are no meretricious auxiliaries to make it a taking picture. It is, on the contrary, true and faithful in the minutest detail. There are the plain chairs, the Cabinet table—the same that stood there when Jackson wrote his proclamation against nullification. The moment of time taken by the artist is very felicitous. Mr. Seward has just made his single remark, advising its postponement till it can be promulgated after a victory, instead of on the heels of a defeat.

The artist has given his best energies to the work, has achieved a success which will win universal admiration, and has linked his name deservedly with the greatest event of the present time, for which he will receive the thanks of the present as well of future generations.

It will probably be on exhibition in Boston during the fall.

—There is but one end to a life of drink, and that is hell. It matters little whether the popular doctrine of future torment be admitted or not to make my statement good. A body long abused by drink becomes all we can conceive of hell. It is the dwelling place of torment—the home of horror. —[Timothy Titcomb.]

—Pinch off the lateral shoot from the melon and cucumber vines, and head-in the runners two or three leaves above the fruit. This will throw the sap into the fruit, and it will be ripe earlier, be larger and of better quality.

LETTER FROM ANDREW JOHNSON.

The Nashville Union publishes Andrew Johnson's acceptance of the Baltimore Union nomination for the Vice Presidency of the United States. It is highly patriotic and very satisfactory in its tone. On the slavery question it is commendably emphatic—going to the utter extinction of the foul system. We give below the main portion of it:

The separation of the government has for years been the cherished purpose of the Southern leaders. Balled in 1832, by the stern, patriotic heroism of Andrew Jackson, they suddenly acquiesced, only to mature their diabolical schemes, and await the occurrence of a more favorable opportunity to execute them. Then the pretext was the tariff, and Jackson, after foiling their schemes of nullification and disunion, with prophetic perspicuity warned the country against the renewal of their efforts to dismember the government.

In a letter dated May 1, 1833, to the Rev. A. J. Crawford, after demonstrating the heartless insincerity of the Southern nullifiers, he said:

"Therefore the tariff was only a pretext, and disunion and a Southern confederacy the real object. The next pretext will be the negro or the slavery question." Time has fully verified this prediction, and we have now not only a "negro or slavery question" as a pretext, but the real cause of this rebellion, and both must go down together. It is vain to attempt to reconstruct the Union with the disorganizing element of slavery in it. Experience has demonstrated its incompatibility with free and republican governments, and to continue it as one of the institutions of the country. While it remained subordinate to the constitution and laws of the United States, I yielded to its support; but when it became rebellious and attempted to rise above the government and control its action, I threw my humble influence against it.

The authority of the government is supreme, and will admit of no rivalry. No institution can rise above it, whether it be slavery or any other organized power. In our happy form of government all must be subordinate to the will of the people, when reflected through the constitution and laws made pursuant thereto—State or Federal. This great principle lies at the foundation of every government, and cannot be disregarded without the destruction of the government itself.

In the support and practice or correct principles we can never reach wrong results; and by rigidly adhering to this fundamental truth, the end will be the preservation of the Union, and the overthrow of an institution which has made war upon and attempted the destruction of the government itself.

The mode by which this great change—the emancipation of the slave—can be effected, is properly found in the power to amend the constitution of the United States. This plan is effectual, and of no doubtful authority; and while it does not contravene the timely exercise of the war power by the President in his Emancipation Proclamation, it comes stamped with the authority of the people themselves, acting in accordance with the written rule of the supreme law of the land, and must therefore give more general satisfaction and quietude to the distracted public mind.

By recurring to the principles contained in the resolutions so unanimously adopted by the Convention I find that they substantially accord with my public acts and opinions herebefore made known and expressed, and are therefore most cordially indorsed and approved; and the nomination having been conferred without any solicitation on my part, is with the greater pleasure accepted.

In accepting the nomination I might here close, but I cannot forego the opportunity of saying to my old friends of the Democratic party proper, with whom I have so long and pleasantly been associated, that the hour has now come when that great party can justly vindicate its devotion to true Democratic policy and measures of expediency. The war is a war of great principles. It involves the supremacy and life of the government itself. If the rebellion triumphs, free government, North and South, fails. If, on the other hand, the government is successful—as I do not doubt—its destiny is fixed, its basis permanent and enduring, and its career of honor and glory just begun.

In a great contest like this for the existence of free government, the path

of duty is patriotism and principle. Minor considerations and questions of administrative policy should give way to the higher duty of first preserving the government; and then will be time enough to wrangle over men and measures pertaining to administration.

This is not the hour for strife and division among ourselves. Such differences of opinion only encourage the enemy, prolong the war and waste the country. Unity of action and concentration of power should be our watchword and rallying cry. This accomplished, the time will rapidly approach when, their arms in the field, the great power of the rebellion will be broken and crushed by our gallant officers and brave soldiers, and ere long they will return to their homes and firesides, to resume again the avocations of peace, with the proud consciousness that they have aided in the noble work of re-establishing upon a surer and more permanent basis the great temple of American Freedom.

I am, gentlemen, with sentiments of high regard, yours truly,
ANDREW JOHNSON.

WHAT THE REBELS UNDERSTAND BY "SYMPATHY."

The Philadelphia North American says:

A gentleman who arrived from Hagerstown recently, furnished our reporter with an item. His barns were full of grain, his pastures were dotted with sheep and cattle, and forty well fed swine were gathered in the rear of his corn cribs. He was emphatically a man of plenty and of substance. When the rebels came he walked out to their lines, with a damask linen napkin affixed to his cane. The first rebel soldier he encountered he requested to show him the commanding officer. He was passed under guard to the object of his search.

"General," said he, "I'm a warm sympathizer with the South. I heartily wish success to this invasion and to your forces. My object in seeking you out is to ask that you and as many of your staff as will accept the invitation will make my house your headquarters during your stay here. My house is yonder upon the hill," (pointing to a fine, old fashioned mansion with modern additions, with a long row of hay racks on the back ground.)

"You sympathize with the South, did you say?" queried the general.

"Very earnestly, sir, and always have done so."

The rebel general beckoned to a sergent who stood near him, "Bring a musket for this man," said he, "and take him into the ranks."

The "sympathizer" opened wide his eyes, but stood mute with amazement. He "couldn't see it" in that light. He stammered out at last, "Oh! I didn't mean that, general. I don't want to fight. I want to entertain you and your staff while you remain here, and to show you that I am your friend."

The rebel general contemptuously informed him that they interpreted sympathy only in its literal sense. He had claimed to sympathize with them, and they intended to avail themselves of his good will.

A string of wagons was at once trotted on, driven to the sympathizer's property, and in the same afternoon he was stripped of everything. The rebels carried off all his cattle, sheep, hogs, and smaller live stock, removed all his hay and wheat crops, leaving his barns utterly empty. The cavalry horses were turned into his growing oats, and his corn was cut for fodder for the stock while on the march. The sympathizer was detained until all was done, and was then released with thanks for the sympathy he had manifested. Many like him in Maryland are now reaping the fruits of their sympathy. When men will take the suckers out of their pumps to prevent the Union soldiers from drinking the water, their sympathy with the South deserves some such recognition as that given to the friends of the rebel cause above referred to, who came to grief at Hagerstown.

When all the world is young, lad,
And all the trees are green;
And every goose a swan, lad,
And every lass a queen;
Then hey for boot and horse, lad,
And round the world away.
Young blood must have its course, lad,
And every dog his day.

When all the world is old, lad,
And all the trees are brown;
And all the sport is stale, lad,
And all the wheels run down;
Creep home and take your place there,
The spent and maimed and gray;
Gul' grah you may find one two three
You loved when you were young.

We understand the iron is laid upon our railroad track nearly to Itaska.

ADVERTISING RATES.
Ten lines or less make one square.
One column, one year, \$50 00
Half column, one year, 30 00
Quarter column, one year, 15 00
Business cards, 10 lines or less, one year, 6 00
One square one week, 75
Each additional week, 25
Legal advertisements at St. Paul rates.
Bills payable at the end of each quarter.

To be a successful business man, one should first thoroughly understand his business; 2d, he should possess proper business habits—activity, order, promptness and punctuality; 3d, he should be honest, reliable, agreeable and inviting in his manner; 4th, he needs to become acquainted with the people and they with him; and to this can be added ADVERTISING.

Card.

We take this method of thanking the Fire Department, and the citizens of Anoka, for their earnest efforts to save our steam mill from destruction by fire on Friday night, August 12.

F. M. STOWELL & CO.
Anoka, August 20, 1864.

DEMOCRATIC CONVENTION.

The Democrats of Anoka County are requested to meet at their several places of holding elections, on Monday, the 29th day of August, 1864, at 10 o'clock a. m., for the purpose of electing delegates to attend a Convention to be held in Anoka on Thursday, the 1st day of September, at 10 o'clock a. m., for the purpose of nominating County Officers, also to elect delegates to attend a District Convention to be held at Anoka September 1st. The appointment is as follows: Anoka, Ramsey, 2, Grove, 3, Oak Grove, 3, St. Francis, 2, Bethel, 1, Centerville, 2, Columbus, 1. By order of Chairman of County Committee, J. C. PRATT.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

THE NEW YORK WEEKLY HERALD.

THE CHEAPEST PAPER IN THE WORLD.

Its possession enables the Proprietor of the Weekly Herald to guarantee the latest and most reliable information possible to be obtained, not only from all parts of the United States, but from all parts of the world.

Its home correspondents, engaged at heavy cost, and connected with each new naval and military expedition of the government prove that it is determined to leave no spot uncovered by its operations, and no event can occur that shall not find immediate report in its columns. It costs the proprietor over one hundred thousand dollars per year to maintain its corps of correspondents in the field.

In its collection of foreign news the Herald has for years held a high position, and it will endeavor to maintain the stand it has assumed. It has special correspondents stationed in all of the principal cities of the world.

Its telegraphic arrangements extend to wherever the electric wires are stretched. When the Atlantic cable is laid, which few will doubt will be accomplished, telegrams will be received from Europe and Asia, as well as from the United States. Then our readers will have the events of the week in all parts of the civilized world regularly and clearly laid before them.

The proprietor devotes a portion of his paper to Literature, Fashion, Agriculture, the Mechanic Arts, Sporting Matters, Business, Theatrical and Financial Reports, Game Markets, General News, and reports of all events calculated to interest an excellent metropolitan newspaper—a weekly photographic view of the events of the world—and all at a very low price.

The Weekly Herald is issued every Saturday morning, and furnished at the following rates:

One copy, \$2
Three copies, 5
Five copies, 8
Ten copies, 15
Any larger number, addressed to names of subscribers, \$1.50 each.

An extra copy will be sent to every club of ten. Twenty copies, to one address, one year, \$25, or any larger number at the same price.

An extra copy will be sent to clubs of twenty. Advertisements at a limited number will be inserted in the Weekly Herald.

The Daily Herald, three cents per copy. Ten dollars per year for three hundred and three-fifths. Five dollars for six months. Two dollars and fifty cents for three months.

JAMES GOLDEN BENNETT,
Editor and Proprietor.
Northwest corner of Fulton and Nassau sts., New York city, N. Y.
There can be no traveling agents for the Herald.

High School.

THE next Term of the Anoka High School will commence Tuesday, September 6th. The best facilities will be afforded in this school for young persons of both sexes to gain a knowledge of the Common and Higher English Branches, as well as the Languages.

Tuition (payable in advance) \$5.
40-41 W. B. GREENE, Prin.

MUNGER BROS.,

MUSIC DEALERS,

CONCERT HALL BLOCK,

Third Street, Saint Paul, Minnesota

SOLE AGENTS FOR

STEINWAY & SONS,

CHICKERING,

UNITED PIANO FORTES.

CALENDORG & VAUPEL,

JAMES W. YORSE,

FISCHER'S AND

GROVESTEIN'S PIANOS.

Also, Prince's Melodians and School Organs, and Mason & Hawlin's Cabinet Organs and Melodians. All the above instruments at Manufacturer's prices.

We always keep a full assortment of Strings, Violins, Guitars, Banjos, Flutes, Clarinets, Pipes, Drums, Bongos, Band Instruments, and all others pertaining to the trade.

We have constantly on hand the only complete stock of Sheet Music, Musical Instruments, and Musical Mechanisms in the Northwest.

For Church Organs, Melodians and Pianos tuned and repaired.

N. B.—All Instruments sold by us are fully warranted. 42-ly

HOWARD ASSOCIATION,

PHILADELPHIA, PA.

DISEASES OF THE NERVOUS, SEMINAL, URINARY AND SEXUAL SYSTEMS—new and reliable treatment, reports of the HOWARD ASSOCIATION—sent by mail in sealed letter envelopes free of charge. Address Dr. J. SKILLIN HUGHES, Howard Association, No. 2 South Sixth Street, Philadelphia, Pa. 42-ly

MISCELLANY.

The Chivalry of Labor.

Up come ye now, brave brotherhood,
With honest heart, and working hand;
We are but few, but tried and true,
Yet hearts that light, dare and do;
And who would not a champion be
Of Labor's border Chivalry?

We fight! but bear no bloody brand;
We fight to free our Fatherland;
We fight that smiles of love may glow
On lips where curses quiver now!
Hurrah! hurrah! true Knights are we
In Labor's border Chivalry.

O! there be hearts that ache to see
The day-dawn of our victory;
Eyes full of heart-break with us plead,
And Watchers wait and Martyrs bleed;
O! who would not a Champion be
In Labor's border Chivalry?

Work, Brothers mine; work hand and brain;
We'll with the golden Age again;
And Love's Millium alms shall rise
In happy hearts and blessed eyes!
Hurrah! hurrah! true Knights are we
In Labor's border Chivalry!

DON'T CROAK.

Whatever else you do, or don't do, don't croak. Croaking isn't the natural utterance of the human voice. Let the bull frogs and copperheads have a monopoly of it. Be sure you're not a true patriot if you croak! True patriots never croak, whatever happens.

If you want Jeff. Davis & Co. to prosper and swallow the North, be afraid openly to help him, croak—that will help him indirectly a little. If you want the Union armies to be defeated, and the Union cause depressed, but don't dare to say so right out, croak—that will aid it a little. If you want Grant to fail to take Richmond, and to be whipped by Lee, but don't want to do any fighting on either side, croak—that will be the most efficient aid you can properly afford, with reasonable safety to your whole skin. Say solemnly, with a long face, that gold will soon be 300. advise people to buy a barrel of sugar before the price goes up clear out of sight; snuffle over the dreadful times which are just ahead for the poor, turn up your eyes with holy horror at the greenbacks, and just intently that you expect to live to see them sold by the bushel for the price of paper rags! In short, croak, croak, croak.

But, if you are a true patriot; if you believe in God; if you want the country to succeed in putting down the rebellion; if you mean to do your part in aiding it toward that glorious consummation—don't croak!—[Boston Congregationalist.

TOMATO SAUCE.—Take one peck of green tomatoes, cut them into slices, and on every layer of tomatoes sprinkle a little salt; let it stand 24 hours, then take out the tomatoes. Have ready 20 large onions, pared and sliced, and 6 green peppers sliced; place in a stone jar a layer of tomatoes, a layer of onions, and a layer of peppers, with a little spice for every separate layer. The quantity of spice requisite for the above is 1 oz. of cloves, 1 oz. of allspice, and 1 oz. of nutmeg. Cover it with cider vinegar, and stand the jar on the stove 24 hours to simmer, but do not let it come to a boil. The above makes an excellent sauce for winter use.

French Breakfast and Dinner COFFEE.

OWING to the very high price of Coffee, and the great difficulty in procuring a good, uniform and reliable article, our customers have been expressing a desire that we should supply them from first hands. It was the intention of THE GREAT AMERICAN TEA COMPANY to do a strictly Tea business, but as we have had some customers living at a distance that have relied upon us to supply them exclusively with Tea and Coffee, it being inconvenient for them to come to New York, the Great Tea and Coffee Corporation of this country—and as our Tea Taster was possessed of information relating to a Coffee that could be furnished at a moderate price, and give universal satisfaction, and at the same time afford the retailer a handsome profit—we have been compelled to supply those parties. This Coffee has become so popular with our customers, and their sales have increased to such an extent that we have been compelled to make large additions to our machinery, which will enable us to supply a far more extensive trade than we were therefore send it to those who may order.

It is just superseding all other Coffees.
This Coffee has been used for more than a century in Paris, and since its introduction into this country it has been in use by some of the leading French restaurants here. The Parisians are said to be the best judges of coffee; and the great favor in which it is held by them is the best recommendation that can be produced for its fine flavor and healthy effects upon the human system.

We put up but one grade of this Coffee, and that is of a quality that our customers have found from experience will give perfect satisfaction and meet all the demands of their trade. It is the lowest price that we can recommend.

We do all our business on the most extensive scale, buy by the cargo and sell at only two cents per pound profit.

We put up this Coffee in Barrels only, of 125 Pounds each. This method of putting it up saves from 2 to 5 cents per pound to the consumer, and by its being in a large quantity it retains its fine flavor much longer in this form than in any other.

We send with each barrel Show Cards, Circulars and Posters, to assist the dealer to introduce to his customers. We hope our customers will take pains to have them well posted up and distributed, as it will be to their advantage to do so.

This Coffee we warrant to give perfect satisfaction, and if it does not please the purchaser has the privilege of returning the whole or any part of it within 60 days, and having his money refunded together with all the expenses of transportation both ways.

We issue a Price Circular of our Teas and Coffees, which we are glad to send free to all who wish it. Consumers of Coffee should inquire for the **French Breakfast and Dinner Coffee**, and be sure that it was purchased of the
GREAT AMERICAN TEA COMPANY,
IMPORTERS AND JOBBERS,
16 & 17 Vesey Street, New York.
40-2m

—Greenbacks are worth upward of fifty per cent. more in Canada than in the United States, selling there at above sixty cents on the dollar. Here they are worth less than forty cents. This is one of the facts that go to prove that much of what is called high prices here is purely artificial in its character and origin. If gold were really so much more valuable than greenbacks as our quotations represent, the latter would be of less value in Montreal than they are in Boston, whereas in Montreal they are far more favorably regarded than they are in our own town. Government, should this strange state of things continue, will find it for its advantage to make its purchases in Canada, the people of which country have much more faith in it than appears to be felt by its own constituents.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.

FIRST PERMANENT

MILLINERY STORE

IN ANOKA.

Mrs. Wm. W. Payne

WOULD announce to the citizens of Anoka and surrounding country, the fact that she has opened, in the building known as the Branch & Trask Store, west side of Klum river, a large and well selected stock of fashionable Millinery Goods, consisting of Ladies' and Misses' Hats, Ribbons and Trimmings to suit. Also, nice Head Boxes to put them in, with a great variety of other articles too numerous to mention, all of which she will sell as low as can be bought in this State.

Having secured the services of Mrs. J. H. Pond, an experienced Milliner, she is confident of giving entire satisfaction, both as to style and quality of her work.

Respectfully done to order.

Thankful to our friends for past favors of various kinds, we now solicit their trade and patronage in this line, as we will sell our goods as low as can be bought in this State.
Anoka, May 14, 1894. 32-2m

CHANGE OF TIME.

OFFICE ST. PAUL & PACIFIC RAILROAD COMPANY

St. Paul, Jan. 1, 1894.

On and after Friday, January 1, and until further notice, the Trains of the St. P. and P. R. R. will run as follows:

MORNING.	
Leave St. Paul	7 45 a. m.
" St. Anthony	8 15 "
" Minneapolis	8 45 "
Arrive Anoka	8 40 "
Leave Anoka	8 45 "
" Minneapolis	9 20 "
" St. Anthony	9 55 "
Arrive St. Paul	10 15 "
EVENING.	
Leave St. Paul	2 45 p. m.
" St. Anthony	3 20 "
" Minneapolis	3 50 "
Arrive Anoka	4 22 "
Leave Anoka	4 40 "
" Minneapolis	5 15 "
" St. Anthony	5 50 "
Arrive St. Paul	6 30 "

POST OFFICE, ANOKA.

OFFICE HOURS.

From 7 o'clock a. m. to 7 1/2 p. m.

DEPARTURE AND ARRIVAL OF MAILS.

Eastern Mail—Leaves daily, except Sundays, at 2 o'clock p. m.
Northern Mail—Leaves Anoka daily, except Sundays, at 8 a. m.
Princeton Mail—For Princeton, Cambridge and Brunswick, leaves Anoka on Friday at 9 o'clock a. m. Arrives at Anoka on Saturday at 4 o'clock p. m. Mail closes half an hour before the time of starting.
G. A. JENKS, Post Master.

BLACKSMITHING.

JAMES M. McGLAULFIN,

ANOKA, MINN.

Would inform the citizens of Anoka and vicinity, that he can be found at all times at Ford's old shop on the east side of Klum river, where he is prepared to do all kinds of work cheap for cash or produce. Particular attention paid to shoeing oxen and entire satisfaction warranted. Also axes newly steamed and new ones made to order. A continuance of patronage is respectfully solicited.
Anoka, January 15th, 1891.

WHEELER & WILSON'S



SEWING MACHINES.

Merit Alone Makes a Sewing Machine VALUABLE.

The people are perceiving that only Sewing Machines of known practical utility. THIS MACHINE IS PROFITABLE AND AVAILABLE A LIFE TIME.

An annual dividend of 100 to 500 per cent (on its cost) may be obtained in its use, by its possession.

There are over 55,000 WHEELER & WILSON Machines in use in this country and abroad. It is the only Machine in the world making the LOCK STITCH.

with the Rotating Hook and using the Glass Foot. The WHEELER & WILSON Machines are right, and if they do not operate well it is because people are not fully instructed in their use.

ALL MACHINES ARE WARRANTED, 25¢ A FULL INSTRUCTIONS GIVEN. 25¢

All persons owning Wheeler & Wilson Machines can have them properly adjusted, repaired or changed, by calling at the WHEELER & WILSON Rooms, in the Great Central Block, No. 24 Third Street, St. Paul, a few doors below the Post Office.

F. M. JOHNSON, Agent.

St. Paul, September 26th, 1893.

NEW SPRING GOODS!

We have now a complete assortment of

DRY GOODS, GROCERIES, HATS, CAPS, STAY GOODS, CLOTHING, BOOTS, SHOES, CROCKERY AND HARDWARE.

Thankful for past favors, we invite our friends and patrons to examine our new stock, which we shall sell for CASH or READY PAY, as low as the time will admit. F. M. STOWELL & CO.

Call and examine our Ladies' Hats, Shakers, and Summer Shawls.

F. M. STOWELL & CO.

We have a few pieces of Fancy Dress Silks, to close out Cheap!

F. M. STOWELL & CO.

We have a lot of Ladies' and Misses' Slippers, Gaiters and Congress Boots, which we will sell very low.

STOWELL & CO.

We keep Flour, Feed, Salt, Lime, and Plastering Hair, to sell by the quantity.

F. M. STOWELL & CO.

We will pay the highest market price for all kinds of Country Produce.

F. M. STOWELL & CO.

R. C. MITCHELL,
Attorney and Counsellor at Law, County Attorney and Notary Public.

Having permanently located in Anoka, I hope, by promptness, fidelity and industry, to merit the confidence of all who may intrust business to my care.

Special attention given to the collection of debts. A full supply of blank deeds, mortgages and other legal papers, kept constantly on hand and no charge made for the same, when filled and acknowledged by me.

Office over E. H. & A. T. Davis' hardware store, first door out left hand, up stairs.

R. C. MITCHELL.
Anoka, Minn., May 14th, 1894. 2-ly

COLEMAN & McGLAULFIN,
HAVING entered into copartnership to carry on the business of Blacksmithing, would inform the public that they are prepared to do all kinds of work in their line. Particular attention will be paid to Horse and Ox shoeing. All work warranted. They hope to receive the patronage of old friends and customers. Their shop is on the street below Davis' Store.

G. D. COLEMAN, JOHN S. McGLAULFIN.

HOWARD M. ATKINS,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
Princeton, Minnesota.

Particular attention given to Collections and Tax-Paying for non-resident land holders. Will take general care of all lands or other property in Miller Lake County.

Auditor and Attorney of Miller Lake County.
16-2m

JOSEPH I. BEAUMONT,
DEALER IN

Teas, Coffees, Spices, Sugars, Syrups.

And all goods pertaining to the business of a Wholesale Grocer.

INCLUDING
TOBACCO, CIGARS,
WINES, LIQUORS, AND PURE OLD R. E. AND BOURBON WHISKIES.

Please call and examine this stock before purchasing.
Cor. Third and Jackson sts., - ST. PAUL, MINN.

JOHN H. MARTIN,
Dealer in

Clocks, Watches,

JEWELRY, SILVERWARE, &c., &c.

ANOKA, MINNESOTA.

Clocks, Watches and Jewelry carefully repaired and warranted.

NEW STORE,

New Goods.

DICKENS & BOULTER,

Have opened the store at the west end of the Bridge formerly occupied as a Match Factory, where they will keep constantly on hand a good assortment of staple

DRY GOODS,

Groceries,

BOOTS & SHOES, &c.

Which will be sold at very low figures for ready pay.

All goods warranted to give satisfaction; if not, return them, and your money will be refunded. All kinds of Produce taken in exchange for goods.

Bring along your Butter and Eggs, and the highest market price will be paid for the same.
Anoka, August 15th, 1893.

NOTICE.

The copartnership heretofore existing between Randolph & Robbins is this day dissolved by mutual consent.

J. M. RANDOLPH, S. C. ROBBINS.

Anoka, August 3, 1894.

Having purchased the interest of S. C. Robbins in the above named firm, the business will be continued as heretofore by

J. M. RANDOLPH.

—A Philadelphia merchant sent a cargo of goods to Constantinople.

After the supercargo had seen the bales and boxes safely landed, he inquired where they should be stored.

"Leave them here, it won't rain to-night," was the reply.

"But I dare not leave them so exposed; some of the goods may be stolen," said the supercargo.

The Mohammedan laughed, as he replied:

"Don't be alarmed, my friend; there isn't a Christian within a hundred miles of us."

FARM FOR SALE,

Or Exchange.

A excellent Farm is offered for sale or in exchange for improved property in the town of Anoka, Minnesota. The farm is situated in the town of Carlton, Carl county, Iowa, in the Bush Fork Valley, first and second bottoms. The line of the Cedar Rapids and Missouri River Railroad runs within ten miles of the place. It comprises one hundred and sixty acres—40 acres in cultivation, and 40 in timber; prairie as hard as any in Iowa, and as for soil it cannot be surpassed. A stream of water runs through the middle of it, with timber on one side and prairie on the other. It is excellent land for corn or wheat, and splendid for stock, sheep, cattle or hogs. It has a well spring, within ten rods of the house, and there is no trouble in selling stock the year round. The timber makes an excellent shelter against the cold winds of winter, and the house is in the edge of the timber. The object of the proprietor for selling is old age, and wishing to retire from the farming business.

Price of the farm three thousand dollars. For further particulars inquire of E. S. Tel'er of Anoka, or Benjamin Teller, on the premises. 42-3t

Great Bargains
AT THE
CHEAP CASH STORE.

218 Third St. Saint Paul.

GOODS

Are very high, and everybody should save all they can; therefore go to

THE CAEAP CASH STORE!

For notwithstanding the great advance in goods, we are selling our stock of

Summer Goods

very cheap. We have DRESS GOODS at from 15 cents up, at all prices to suit customers.

We have a large stock of

SILK SACQUES

AND CIRCULARS,

which we are selling at reduced prices, to close a stock.

Remember the place—

No. 218 Third Street, Saint Paul, Minnesota.

15-ly H. KNOX TAYLOR

ANOKA LIBRARY ASSOCIATION.

THE Library consists of some six or seven hundred Volumes of various kinds. It is kept in the Picture gallery, over F. M. Stow & Co.'s Store. Terms of membership—Ladies, 50 cents; gentlemen \$1 per annum. Books loaned for five cents per week to those who are not members. Books can be drawn every day, except Sundays. Rules and regulations of the Association, which are to be found pasted in front of each book, will be strictly adhered to.

Books are to be drawn from the store below when the Librarian is not in his office.

E. H. & A. T. DAVIS,

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Dealers in Hardware, Stoves, House Furnish Goods, Agricultural Implements, &c., and Manufacturers of Tin, Sheet Iron and Copper Ware.

Anoka, July 27th 1891.

FINKLE & LYON'S

SEWING MACHINES.

The greatest improvement yet in the Sewing Machine art. A curiosity worth seeing.

Please send for circular with sample of sewing.

These Improved Machines save ONE HUNDRED PER CENT. of thread and silk, and make the LOCK-STITCH alike on both sides.

They require no instruction to operate perfectly, except "the printed directions."

No change in sewing from one kind of goods to another.

And no taking apart to clean or oil.

Our NEW MANUFACTORY is now complete, with all its machinery and tools entirely new, and is already rapidly turning out Machines, which for beauty and perfection of finish are not surpassed by any manufactured in the world.

N. B.—Should any Machine prove unsatisfactory, it can be returned and money refunded.

Agents wanted in counties not canvassed by our own agents.

FINKLE & LYON, S. M. CO.

No. 538 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.

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EDWARD H. BIGGS,

WHOLESALE DRUGGIST,

No. 131 THIRD STREET, (OPPOSITE THOMPSON'S BANK,) SAINT PAUL, MINN.

Invites the attention of purchasers to the largest and best selected stock ever brought to Minnesota, consisting of

DRUGS, MEDICINES, PAINTS, OILS, TURPENTINE, WINDOW GLASS PATENT MEDICINES.

And every article comprised in a well filled Drug Store, and assures all of satisfaction in every respect. 18-ly

WATSON, DENSMORE & CO.,
Manufacturers and Dealers in

Bread, Cakes, Crackers,

Confectionery.

ALSO,
Palmer's Celebrated Vinegar,
Carbon Oil, Burning Fluid & Benzole,
At Northwestern Steam Bakery,
Corner of Robert Street and the Levee,
ST. PAUL, MINN.

DO YOU WISH TO BE CURED?

DR. BUCHAN'S English Specific Pills cure, in less than 30 days, the worst cases of Nervousness, Impotency, Premature Decay, Seminal Weakness, Irritability, and all Urinary, Sexual and Nervous Affections, no matter from what cause produced. Price One Dollar per box. Sent postpaid, by mail, on receipt of an order. One box will perfect a cure in most cases. Address JAMES S. BUTLER, General Agent 42 Broadway New York.

HO! FOR A RIDE!

Cheap, pleasant and quick!

to St. Paul, via

Saint Paul and Pacific R. R.

Immense Stock

OF SEASONABLE GOODS,

to be closed out at

A BARGAIN!

to make room for Spring Stock, at

CATHCART & CO.'S

132 Third Street, St. Paul.

Their stock is very large, and must be reduced, consisting in part of

Cloths, Cassimeres, Shawls, Flannels, Blankets

Yankee Notions, and newest styles

Dress Goods,

seasonable and very beautiful. Also a full assortment of

BRADLEY'S

IMPERIAL

HOOP SKIRTS,

the most durable and elegant skirts in the world.

The attention of

Country Merchants

is invited to our immense stock of Domestic and other Goods, at our wants.

To our old friends and patrons, who have known us and patronized us for the last twelve years, we are grateful, but while we are proud to be classed among

THE ANOKA STAR.

Published every Saturday, at the Randolph Building, Anoka, Minnesota.

By A. G. SPALDING.

TERMS.
Two Dollars per annum, strictly in advance.

The Press is the great lever of civilization; the agency of development, enlightenment, progress, and perfection of mankind; the instrumentality of the life, order and beauty of human society. Therefore, it should never be degraded by low, base, trifling things; but whatever is good for all men, aiding them in their intellectual development, and their moral, social and political welfare—that should be the work of the Press.

UNION PRESIDENTIAL TICKET

For President:
Abraham Lincoln,
OF ILLINOIS.

For Vice President:
Andrew Johnson,
OF TENNESSEE.

For Representative in Congress—2d District,
Ignatius Donnelly.

For Presidential Electors,
CHARLES H. LINSEY, J. N. MURDOCK,
JOHN G. REE, J. W. MORGAN.

For Chief Justice of the Supreme Court,
THOMAS WILSON.

For Associate Judges,
S. J. R. McILLEN, JOHN M. BERRY.

For State Senator,
JOHN S. PILLSBURY OF HENNING COUNTY.

For Representatives in State Legislature,
F. M. STOWELL, OF ANOKA COUNTY,
STEPHEN HEWSON, OF ANOKA COUNTY.

County Ticket.

For Auditor,
H. F. BLODGETT.

For Sheriff,
T. G. HENDERSON.

For County Attorney,
R. C. HITCHELL.

For District Clerk,
A. C. TILDEN.

For Coroner,
S. STUCKWELL.

For County Surveyor,
ELIAS TRATT.

The News.

Grant's forces under Warren have succeeded in gaining an important position on the Weldon railroad, south of Petersburg. He has been desperately resisted, but holds his ground. His purpose is to destroy this road, and he has torn up the track and bridges for thirty or forty miles. When this and two or three other roads shall have been destroyed, as they are likely to be, Richmond will be well copped up. There is nothing special from Sherman, but he is the man to succeed in whatever he undertakes.

The New Steam Mill.

The work of rebuilding Stowell & Co.'s Steam Mill is being vigorously prosecuted, and the proprietors intend to have it in running order in six weeks. This will be doing a big thing, but all the more commendable. Success to pluck and energy!

A volunteer contribution of two or three hundred dollars has been made by the employees of the mill and the friends of enterprise here, which, though but a slight help toward making up the loss to the proprietors, shows that they appreciate their own interest and that of the community. We would like to publish the names of the contributors, for the movement is a manly one. Should the flouring mill, saw-mill, sash and door factory, or any other business establishment in town be destroyed, we should be ashamed not to contribute some small trifle at least to replace it. And if we could contribute to the building of a score of manufactories of various kinds here, we should expect to get our money back. It is simply an act of manly and social obligation due from every one. There is no chance for a party question about having a mill in the place. It belongs to the whole people; and no man's politics, religion, or sense, is worth "shucks" who will talk otherwise.

We find that the main part of the above subscription is made up among the poorer class, while those who claim to be largely interested in the welfare of the town—large property holders—strange as it may appear, allow their personal prejudices to control them in this matter, and by way of gratifying a political pique, refuse to contribute a cent to benefit the whole. Shame on such a "dog in the manger" course. It is not one which they can respect themselves. Who will say it?

"Uncle Tim" writes from Richmond. He appears to be a rebel, and is in the slave trade, making a fortune in Confederate money and human flesh! His letter is a little rough, though we shall not be "suppressed" for publishing it.

Craig & Twitchell have purchased the bedstead and turning establishment of J. F. Blodgett, which they will run in connection with their other business.

THE ANOKA STAR.

Virtue. Intelligence. Order. Industry. Friendship. Unity. Happiness.

VOLUME I. } ANOKA, MIN., SATURDAY, AUGUST 27, 1864. { NUMBER 48.

Politics and Temperance.

To many it would seem a ludicrous idea to attempt to marry these two things together—Politics and Temperance. Politics is usually reckless and unscrupulous, and men of high professions sometimes lose their consistency if they allow themselves to be drawn from their even balance into its exciting whirlpool. But temperance is a matter in which our people have no little pride, and it cannot be presumed that those who are now spotless would allow any suspicion to be cast upon them on this question. They will have no whisky alliances or compromises. That is also our stand. Hence we wish to warn voters in respect to their ticket. No matter how much may be said in a man's favor in other respects—to be a rummy spoils him. We have now one name smuggled into our ticket which has a bad odor. The bearer of it has no claim to the vote of any temperance man. He has never paid for the ink that prints his name in this paper, nor done any commendable deed that we ever heard of. We shall therefore expect him to come out minus at the polls. Let temperance men see to it.

S. W. Powell, on Coon Creek, has procured a mowing machine which, for cutting grass on his large meadows, he finds better than any help he can hire. It is the Cayuga Chief, and it works so admirably that it has converted all his neighbors in favor of farming machinery. Success to him! The farmers could all get rich if they would club together and get machinery to do their heavy work. Farming friends, please whisper that idea round among yourselves. There is nothing so favorable to the doing of large business as these wide and easy prairies.

Wm. H. Cook has just received from New York a large lot of beautiful stereoscopic views, and card pictures of distinguished persons, among which last we notice those of the Presidents and prominent generals, Archbishop Hughes, Wendell Phillips, J. B. Gough, and other equally well known individuals. The views are 30 cents each; cards 20 cents, or \$2 per dozen.

John B. Haskin stated at the McClellan meeting in New York that the debt of the United States was now four thousand millions of dollars. This is a copperhead lie, as the books of the Treasury Department say that on the 9th instant the entire debt was \$1,832,649, 835 60.

The following is the quota of Anoka County under the call of July 18, 1864, for 500,000 men: Anoka 23, Bethel 3; Centerville 8, Columbus 2, Grow 5, Oak Grove 5, Ramsey 3, St. Francis 3.

Mrs. Catharine Atchison was tried before Justice Pratt yesterday, on the charge of threatening violence on the person of Emily Brennan, and was bound over to keep the peace for the term of six months in the sum of fifty dollars.

Hon. G. V. Colby of Vermont, has been appointed Register of the Treasury, vice the Hon. L. E. Chittenden resigned.

Kelsey & Kelly have a barrel of apples that cost \$14. They are selling fast, nevertheless.

Fortunes are being made here on the Eastman Hotel. Mr. Frost has made his and sold out to C. G. Foster, who we presume is doing well.

J. F. Blodgett, Esq., has purchased the old Craig mill, and it is expected he will put things buzzing.

An English editor closes his lead in this unhappy strain: The sheriff's officer is waiting for us in the other room, so we have no opportunity to be pathetic; we are waited and must go. Delinquent subscribers, you have much to answer for. Heaven may forgive you, but we never can.

Many men spend the early part of their lives in contributing to render the latter part miserable.

We hope the following querulous, partisan, and coppery communication will be read, because it would be a pity to have any space wasted in our small sheet. The author is a stranger to us, and no friend of the Star. But a subscriber proposes to pay the trouble of inserting it.

We need make no defence of Mr. Stowell. The people must understand that matter for themselves. But we hope the "country" friends of the writer have more sense than he represents. Just as though electing a man to office is an honor we owe anybody, that he may make a show of himself in the legislative menagerie at St. Paul, or in any smaller exhibition in the county! Let men do themselves honor by legitimate industry at home, and quarrelling for a petty office will be beneath their dignity.

But read Mr. Starkey:

THE COUNTY CONVENTION.

EDITOR ANOKA STAR:
Sir: With your permission I desire an opportunity to address, through the medium of your paper, a few reasons that prompt me to the course I have resolved to take with reference to the late County Convention, to which I was a delegate.

First: The only notice we had on this side of the County of the Convention being called came through a friend of one of the candidates for a County office; and believing it to be a Union Convention, in its broadest meaning, in respect to party, I consented to go as a delegate. But I was soon undeceived when I got there by hearing the Rev. Mr. Stowell cite the conditions and qualifications of a delegate, which were nothing more nor less than to support Lincoln and Johnson—being assured, however, by good Republicans, that such conditions would be entirely discarded, as the mere fact of a party of one of the Committee who made the call, I remained in the Convention, being desirous to see if they practiced the doctrine they preached. I was disappointed; for not only was it strictly partisan, but furthermore, the candidates were all selected from the town of Anoka, and the county outside entirely ignored, although it was well known there were several names of good men and true residing in the county, who were not called for. I claim, therefore, it was not a Union Convention, but gotten up entirely to subsidize the interest of one candidate, and to the use of the name of a Union Convention.

Upon the organization of the Convention, Mr. Stowell proposed that an informal ballot be taken for or against the Union cause. I was disappointed; for not only was it strictly partisan, but furthermore, the candidates were all selected from the town of Anoka, and the county outside entirely ignored, although it was well known there were several names of good men and true residing in the county, who were not called for. I claim, therefore, it was not a Union Convention, but gotten up entirely to subsidize the interest of one candidate, and to the use of the name of a Union Convention.

Mr. Stowell then proposed to elect the delegates to the District Convention, and recommended that they be taken from the town of Anoka, as he did not think the people wanted to be taken from their homes for that purpose. This was done, with one exception. Here is another cold shoulder for the Union cause. I was disappointed; for not only was it strictly partisan, but furthermore, the candidates were all selected from the town of Anoka, and the county outside entirely ignored, although it was well known there were several names of good men and true residing in the county, who were not called for. I claim, therefore, it was not a Union Convention, but gotten up entirely to subsidize the interest of one candidate, and to the use of the name of a Union Convention.

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or principle I am committed, and I am proud to believe that thousands of our Republican friends are arrayed on that side. Mr. Stowell is arrayed on the other side. There I must leave him. I cannot go with him. Perhaps it would be charity to suppose that a Christian minister, as he is, whose mission it is to preach peace on earth and good will to all men, would be on our side also, were it not for circumstances that surround him, and from which he cannot extricate himself.

Republicans and Democrats of the county: at the ballot box you can remedy the evils you labor under; and our country friends, although "badly sold," can, if they like, teach the Anoka dynasty that there is a God in Israel—"for paper is not Deity." For these reasons and many others I do not feel bound by the action of that Convention, and shall give my support to such nominees as may best represent what I believe to be the true Union sentiment of the county.

Respectfully yours,
JAS. STARKEY.

Columbus, Aug. 18, 1864.

For the Anoka Star.

Peter Poplar Papers.

NO. XIII.

LETTER FROM UNCLE TIM.

RICHMOND, VA., August 12, 1864.

MY DEAR PETER:—In your last letter you told me to look out for Gen. Grant, as he was coming to town. I don't see him as yet, and I have been to all the hotels, and can't find his name on the registers. When he gets here I will drop you a line. I skunked Jeff last night at a game of euchre, but you needn't mention it. Everything is quiet here, and were it not for reading the Northern papers, I should not know that there was anything but peace throughout the country. You can keep that to yourself also.

You asked me my opinion on the nigger. Well, I said out exactly. I bought a couple soon after I got here, and I guess I can tell you all about the whole race.

They originated from temperance and cussing—two great evils, my boy; and they haven't decreased a bit since the days of Noah, who originated both, as well as the nigger. In the first place, when the ark was afloat, Ham had all the dirty work to do (you know it's just so in all large families of children); and the rumpus commenced one day while Ham was down below cleaning out and fiddering the stock. The old Commodore went down to look after things, and it was kind of dark, he stubbed his toe against the elephant and tumbled over him and broke his pipe short off to the bowl, and it was the last one he had. This riled him some; but when he got up he had to lay it to some one besides himself, and blamed up Ham, as he happened to be the first person he met. Ham didn't forget it. So when he got ashore, he watched the first chance, and just blomed on the old Commodore, when he found him tight in the vineyard. You know when the old man woke up he naturally felt like cussing somebody, and Ham came in for a good dose this time, for he cussed him till he turned black in the face, and his hair curled up so tight it made him short sighted, and he cried and blubbered over it so much that his lips all swelled, and his nose flattened out—in fact Noah cussed him until he became a perfect nigger.

The old man never would have done that if he hadn't been drinking; and I don't know as I blame him much for the drinking, for Peter, if I had been hermetically sealed up as he was for 150 days, with all that quantity of live stock on board, I rather think I should have made a B line for Kimball's as soon as I got ashore. I don't really blame him for drinking, but it wasn't fair to go to cussing Ham, particularly after he had been so highly favored as to be made ruler of the world in preference to anybody else. But that's human nature, my boy; you will see it wherever you go; and about the ninth of November you will see intemperance, and hear cussing by the wholesale, and this will be all for the nigger too. I think if old Noah could have foreseen all the trouble his getting tight was producing he would have joined the Sons of Temperance when he was young. It is too late now to remedy the evil. You have got to vote, my boy, this fall, and probably electioneer some for one side or the other, it don't make much odds which, but go into it with a will and with

Christian feelings, precisely as the sectarians discuss their points of religion. Misconstrue the meaning of everything your opponent quotes as his authority. Call him anything you see fit, blackguard him, and if needs be, fight, and if that won't do, get tight and cuss him easy, you needn't swear right out plain, but win. Don't give up, but convince him that your politics are the only true ones, and if he won't be convinced make up some kind of a story about his family matters and whisper it to somebody and tell them not to say you said so, and you may bet your life you've got him then. That's the usual mode of discussing religious points, and I don't see why it won't work good in politics, particularly on the nigger question.

I hope you will dip into politics this fall, for there is fun ahead, no matter which side you favor. Remember the rebels are all devils, while the Union men are all saints, and of course you will choose good company if you take either side, for the nigger is the guiding star of both parties.

Yours, Tim.

THE GREAT WEST.

In the last ten years there have been built at the West 3,656 miles of railroad, at a cost of \$253,820,464, mostly by eastern or imported capital. The Illinois Central Railroad Company alone sent into Illinois \$30,000,000, and built a road which enabled the federal government to sell \$11,000,000 worth of land, and the Company to sell \$20,000,000 more to actual settlers—making over \$31,000,000 concentrated in that State by the operations of one company. The chief effect of this has been to swell the aggregate receipts of grain in Chicago, during the ten years, to 158,544,554 bushels, which at an average price of 66 cents per bushel (the value for 1860 at Chicago) would be worth \$126,000,000, thus exceeding by \$31,000,000 the cost of railroads through the agency of which the grain was made available. In 1861 the grain was increased to 47,697,409 bushels, the southern routes being closed; and in 1862 the amount was 60,150,390 bushels. These figures indicate the extent of that prosperity which has developed so rapidly during the last ten years in the northern section of the West.

No man, says the St. Louis Democrat, ever yet saw an American who hated slavery yet upheld the rebellion; and no one ever saw an American who justified and wished to perpetuate slavery, who had not at least a sneaking tenderness for the rebel cause. For all practical purposes, the rebellion and slavery are related as mother and child.

THE PACIFIC RAILROAD.—The indefatigable Perham succeeded in getting through Congress his bill for a Northern Pacific Railroad, and it has been signed by the President. The company will be organized in Boston, and the first meeting will be held about the first of September.

—There are now about 140,000 sick and wounded soldiers in the hospitals throughout the country. This includes all those in camp hospitals, of which there are about fifty thousand.

—Negro recruiting is going on rapidly in Kentucky. Both the loyal and disloyal are sending their negroes to the recruiting offices. They regard it as their only chance for compensated emancipation.

—The contrabands and refugees in the city of St. Louis now number ten thousand. The chief quartermaster, Col. Myers, is having immense wooden barracks put up for their accommodation.

—Prof. Snell, of Amherst College, who has kept a meteorological register for twenty-eight years, says that Monday, the first of August, was the hottest day during that period.

—Great preparations are being made for cotton culture in Mexico, Central America, and the Sandwich Islands.

—The greatest height at which visible clouds may exist does not exceed ten miles.

—Air is about 816 times lighter than water.

ADVERTISING RATES.	
Ten lines or less make one square.	
One column, one year,	\$30 00
Half column, one year,	30 00
Quarter column, one year,	18 00
Business cards, 10 lines or less, one year,	6 00
One square one week,	75
Each additional week,	25
Legal advertisements at St. Paul rates.	
Bills payable at the end of each quarter.	

To be a successful business man, one should first thoroughly understand his business; 2d, he should possess proper business habits—activity, order, promptness and punctuality; 3d, he should be honest, sociable, agreeable and inviting in his manner; 4th, he needs to become acquainted with the people and they with him; and to this end he must ADVERTISE.

Married.
In Anoka, on the 23d instant by Rev. A. K. Packard, Mr. David P. Craig, of this town, to Miss Annie F. Twitchell, of Bethel, Me.

Celestial Frolics.
The sun had put his night cap on,
And covered over his head,
When countless stars appeared on
The curtains round his bed.

The moon arose, most motherly,
To take a quiet peep
How all the stars behaved while he
Her sorcerer was asleep.

She saw them wink their silvery eyes,
As if in requital play;
Though silent all; to her they seem'd
As if they'd much to say.

So, lest their frolics should disturb
The sleeping king of light,
She rose so high that her mild eye
Could keep them all in sight.

The stars, abashed, stole softly back,
And looked demure and prim;
Until the moon began to nod,
Her eyes becoming dim.

Then sleepily she sought her home,
That's somewhere—who knows where?
But as she went, the playful stars
Commenced their twinkling glare.

And when the moon was fairly gone,
Theimps with silvery eyes
Hid so much fun it woke the sun,
And he began to rise.

He rose in glory!—from his eyes
Sprang forth a new-born day;
Before whose brightness all the stars
Ran hastily away.

—An amusing incident, says the Selingsgrove (Pa.) Post, occurred in one of our churches last Sunday, which caused considerable tittering through the congregation. While the minister was in the midst of his sermon, a little boy about ten years of age quietly left his seat, took his hat, walked up to the pulpit and asked permission of the minister to leave the church, saying that he forgot to feed the pig. The request was granted, and he left; but returned in a few minutes, no doubt greatly relieved. It embarrassed the minister for some minutes afterwards.

—There are said to be twenty thousand Southern women in the boarding houses of New York city.

DEMOCRATIC CONVENTION.

The Democrats of Anoka County are requested to meet at their several places of holding elections, on Monday, the 27th day of August, 1864, at 10 o'clock A. M., for the purpose of electing delegates to attend a Convention to be held in Anoka on Thursday, the 1st day of September, at 10 o'clock A. M., for the purpose of nominating County Officers, also to elect delegates to attend a District Convention to be held at Anoka September 1st. The appointment is as follows: Anoka 3, Ramsey 2, Grow 3, Oak Grove 3, St. Francis 2, Bethel 1, Centerville 2, Columbus 1. By order of Chairman of County Committee, J. C. FROST.

High School.

THE next Term of the Anoka High School will commence Tuesday, September 6th. The best facilities will be afforded in this School for young persons of both sexes to gain a knowledge of the Common and Higher English Branches, as well as the Languages. Tuition (payable in advance) \$5. 43-44 W. B. GREENE, Prin.

MUNGER BROS,

MUSIC DEALERS,

CONCERT HALL BLOCK,

Third Street, Saint Paul, Minnesota

SOLE AGENTS FOR

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CHICKERING.

UNITED PIANO FORTES

CALENBORG & VAUPEL

JAMES W. VOSE'S,

FISCHER'S AND

GROVESTEIN'S PIANOS.

Also, Parlor's Melodeons and School Organs, and Mason & Hamlin's Cabinet Organs and Melodeons. All the above instruments at Manufacturers' prices.

We always keep a full assortment of Strings, Violins, Guitars, Banjos, Flutes, Clarinets, Pipes, Drums, Bugles, Band Instruments, and all others pertaining to the trade.

We have constantly on hand the only complete stock of Sheet Music, Musical Instruments, and Musical Merchandise in the Northwest.

Church Organs, Melodeons and Pianos tuned and repaired.
N. B.—All Instruments sold by us are fully warranted. 42-43

HOWARD ASSOCIATION,

PHILADELPHIA, PA.

DISEASES OF THE NERVOUS, SEMINAL, URINARY AND SEXUAL SYSTEMS—new and reliable treatment in reports of the HOWARD ASSOCIATION—sent by mail in sealed letter envelopes, free of charge. Address Dr. J. SKILLIN HOUGHTON, Howard Association, No. 2 South Ninth street, Philadelphia, Pa. 42-43

MISCELLANY.

What is Earth?

By ELIZABETH M. DOZIER.

What's Earth?
A cradle, lullaby!
Rocking, swinging through the sky,
Infant sweetly sleeping lie,
Watched and soothed by angels high.

What's Earth?
A table, come and eat,
All are welcomed to the treat,
Each is given his proper meat,
To some the bitter, some the sweet.

What's Earth?
A school—where we dwell,
Unfolding lessons ever new,
That we may judge the false and true,
And wisely choose between the two.

What's Earth?
An inn—where here we stay,
Thenceforth follow the path we lay,
And more the journey may delay.

What's Earth?
A workshop—where we thought
To shape material may be wrought,
And toil—a mystic power—has taught
How fleeting spirit forms are caught.

What's Earth?
A height from which we view
Bright rolling worlds below the blue,
Till, piercing furthest ether through,
Thought soars sublimely to the true.

What's Earth?
A prison—where we dwell,
Each soul alone within its cell,
Till angel death our bonds dispell,
As we shall bid our chains farewell.

What's Earth?
A grave—where here we lie,
All of our being that can die—
The shell we leave, when wing'd we fly,
Cleaving afar the heavenly sky.

THE NEW YORK WEEKLY HERALD.

THE CHEAPEST PAPER IN THE WORLD.

THE extensive and comprehensive facilities in its possession enable the Proprietor of the Weekly Herald to guarantee the latest and most reliable information possibly to be obtained, not only from all parts of the United States, but from all parts of the world.

Its home correspondents, engaged at heavy cost, and connected with each naval and military expedition of the government prove that it is determined to leave no spot uncovered by its operations, and no event can occur that shall not find immediate report in its columns. It costs the proprietor over one hundred thousand dollars per year to maintain its corps of correspondents in the field.

In its collection of Foreign News the Herald has for years held a high position, and it is endeavored in the future to maintain the stand it has assumed. It has special correspondents stationed in all of the principal cities of the world.

Its telegraphic arrangements extend to wherever the electric wires are stretched. When the Atlantic cable is laid, which feat will soon be accomplished, telegrams will be received from Europe and Asia, as well as from the United States. Then our readers will have the events of the week in all parts of the civilized world regularly and clearly laid before them.

The proprietor devotes a portion of his paper to Literature, Fashion, Agriculture, the Mechanical Arts, Sporting Matters, Business, Theatrical and Financial Reports, Cattle Markets, General News, and reports of all events calculated to form an excellent metropolitan newspaper. A weekly photographic view of the events of the world—and all at a very low price.

The Weekly Herald is issued every Saturday morning, and furnished at the following rates: One copy, 2 cents; Three copies, 5 cents; Five copies, 8 cents; Ten copies, 15 cents; Any larger number, addressed to names of subscribers, \$1.50 each.

An extra copy will be sent to every club of ten. Twenty copies, in one address, one year, \$25, and any larger number at the same price. An extra copy will be sent to clubs of twenty. Advertisements to a limited number will be inserted in the Weekly Herald. The Daily Herald, three cents per copy. Ten dollars per year for three hundred and sixty-three issues. Five dollars for six months. Two dollars and fifty cents for three months. JAMES GORDON BENNETT, Editor and Proprietor.

North-west corner of Fulton and Nassau sts., New York City, N. Y. There can be no traveling agents for the Herald.

French Breakfast and Dinner COFFEE.

OWING to the very high price of Coffee, and the great difficulty in procuring a good, uniform and reliable article our customers have often expressed a wish that they could be supplied from first hands. It was the intention of THE GREAT AMERICAN TEA COMPANY to do a strictly Tea business, but as we have had some customers living at a distance that have relied upon us to supply them exclusively with Tea and Coffee, it being inconvenient for them to come to New York, the Great Tea and Coffee Emporium of this country—and as our Tea Taster was possessed of information relating to a Coffee that could be furnished at a moderate price, and give universal satisfaction, and at the same time afford the retailer a handsome profit—we have been compelled to supply those parties. This Coffee has become so popular with our customers, and their sales have increased to such an extent that we have been compelled to make large additions to our machinery, which will enable us to supply a few more customers with it. We will therefore send it to those who may order.

It is just superseding all other Coffees. This Coffee has been used for more than a century in Paris, and since its introduction into this country it has been in use by some of the leading French Restaurants here. The Parisians are said to be the best judges of coffee; and the great favor in which it is held by them is the best recommendation that can be produced for its fine flavor and healthy effects upon the human system.

We put up but one grade of this Coffee, and that is of a quality that our customers have found from experience will give perfect satisfaction and meet all the demands of their trade. It is the lowest price that we can recommend.

We do all our business at the most extensive scale, buy by the cargo and sell at only two cents per pound profit.

We put up this Coffee in Barrels only, of 125 Pounds each. This method of putting it up saves from 2 to 5 cents per pound to the consumer, and by its being in a large quantity it retains its fine flavor much longer in this form than in any other. We send with each barrel Show Cards, Circulars and Posters, to assist the dealer to introduce to his customers. We hope our customers will take pains to have them well posted up and distributed, as it will be to their advantage to do so.

This Coffee we warrant to give perfect satisfaction, and if it does not please, the purchaser has the privilege of returning the whole or any part of it within 60 days, and having his money refunded together with all the expenses of transportation both ways.

We issue a Price Circular of our Teas and Coffees, which we are glad to send free to all who wish it. Consumers of coffee should inquire for the French Breakfast and Dinner Coffee, and be sure that it was purchased of the

GREAT AMERICAN TEA COMPANY, IMPORTERS AND JOBBERS, 25 & 27 Vesey Street, New York.

A DAY AND NIGHT IN THE MOON.

An English savan argues that a "day in the moon" equals fourteen of our days. It begins by a slow sunshine followed by a brilliant sunshine and intense heat (about 212 Fahrenheit.) The sky is intensely black, there being no atmosphere like ours, to which blue sky is due; the stars are visible and the horizon is limited; there is a dead silence; the cold, in the intensely black shadow, is very great, and there is no aerial perspective. Thus the moon is no place for man, or any animals or vegetables that we know of. The "night of the moon" (fourteen of our days) begins with a slow sunset, which is followed by intense cold—about 334 degrees below zero.

—Thunder can be heard the distance of 80 miles.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.

FIRST PERMANENT

MILLINERY STORE

IN ANOKA.

Mrs. Wm. W. Payne

WOULD announce to the citizens of Anoka and surrounding country, the fact that she has opened, in the building known as the Branch & Truck Store, west side of River river, a large and well selected stock of fashionable Millinery Goods, consisting of Ladies' and Misses' HATS, with Ribbons and Trimmings to suit. Also, nice "hand boxes" to "suit them in, with a great variety of other articles too numerous to mention, all of which she will sell as low as can be bought in this State.

Having secured the services of Mrs. J. H. Pearl, an experienced Milliner, she is confident of giving entire satisfaction, both as to style and quality of her work.

Referring done to order. Thankful to our friends for past favors of various kinds, we now solicit their trade and patronage in this line, as we will sell our goods as low as can be bought this side of Chicago. 332m

CHANGE OF TIME.

OFFICE ST. PAUL & PACIFIC RAILROAD COMPANY

St. Paul, Jan. 1, 1894.

On and after Friday, January 1, and until further notice, the Trains of the St. P. and P. R. R. will run as follows—

MORNING.		
Leave St. Paul	7:00 A. M.	
" " St. Anthony	7:45 "	
Arrive Anoka	8:40 "	
Leave Anoka	8:55 "	
" " " "	9:30 "	
Arrive St. Paul	10:15 "	
EVENING.		
Leave St. Paul	2:45 P. M.	
" " St. Anthony	3:30 "	
Arrive Anoka	4:20 "	
Leave Anoka	4:40 "	
" " " "	5:15 "	
Arrive St. Paul	6:20 "	

F. R. DELANO, Assistant Superintendent.

POST OFFICE, ANOKA.

OFFICE HOURS.

From 7 o'clock A. M. to 12 P. M.

DEPARTURE AND ARRIVAL OF MAILS.

Eastern Mail—Leaves daily, except Sundays; closes at 2 o'clock P. M.

Northern Mail—Leaves Anoka daily, except Sundays; closes at 8 A. M.

Princeton Mail—For Princeton, Cambridge and Brunswick, leaves Anoka on Friday at 8 o'clock A. M. Arrives at Anoka on Saturday at 4 o'clock P. M. Mail closes half an hour before the time of starting. G. A. JENKS, Post Master.

Anoka, March 5, 1894.

BLACKSMITHING.

JAMES M. McGLAULFIN,

ANOKA, - - - MINN.

World inform the citizens of Anoka and vicinity, that he can be found at all times at Ford's old shop on the east side of River river, where he is prepared to do all kinds of work cheap for cash or produce. Particular attention paid to shoeing oxen and entire satisfaction warranted. Old axes newly steamed and new ones made to order. A continuance of patronage is respectfully solicited.

Anoka, January 15th, 1891.

WHEELER & WILSON'S

SEWING MACHINES.

Merit Alone Makes a Sewing Machine VALUABLE.

The people are perceiving that

Glowing Representations ARE NOT MERIT.

That it is economy and wisdom to purchase only sewing Machines of known practical utility. THIS MACHINE IS PROFITABLE AND AVAILABLE.

REX A LIFE TIME.

An annual dividend of 100 to 500 per cent (on its cost) may be obtained in its use, by its possession.

There are over 95,000 WHEELER & WILSON Machines in use in this country and abroad.

It is the only Machine in the world making the LOCK STITCH.

The WHEELER & WILSON Machines are right, and if they do not operate well it is because people are not properly instructed in their use.

ALL MACHINES ARE WARRANTED.

30 AND 70 INSTRUCTIONS GIVEN.

All persons owning Wheeler & Wilson Machines can have them properly adjusted FREE OF CHARGE, by calling at the WHEELER & WILSON Rooms, in the Greenleaf Block, No. 264 Third Street, St. Paul, a few doors below the Post Office.

F. M. JOHNSON, Agent.

St. Paul, September 6th, 1893.

NEW SPRING GOODS!

We have now a complete assortment of

DER GOODS, HATS, CAPS, STRAW GOODS, CLOTHING, BOOTS, SHOES, CROCKERY AND HARDWARE.

Thankful for past favors, we invite our friends and patrons to examine our new stock, which we shall sell for CASH or READY PAY, as low as the time will admit. F. M. STOWELL & CO.

Call and examine our Ladies' Hats, Shakers, and Summer Shawls.

F. M. STOWELL & CO.

We have a few pieces of Fancy Dress Silks, to close out Cheap!

F. M. STOWELL & CO.

We have a lot of Ladies' and Misses' Slippers, Gaiters and Congress Boots, which we will sell very low.

STOWELL & CO.

We keep Flour, Feed, Salt, Lime, and Plastering Hair, to sell by the quantity.

F. M. STOWELL & CO.

We will pay the highest market price for all kinds of Country Produce.

332m F. M. STOWELL & CO.

R. C. MITCHELL,

Attorney and Counselor at Law, County Attorney and Notary Public.

Having permanently located in Anoka, I hope, by promptness, fidelity and industry, to merit the confidence of all who may intrust business to my care.

Special attention given to the collection of debts. A full supply of blank deeds, mortgages and other legal papers, kept constantly on hand and all kinds of work in their line. Particular attention will be paid to Horse and Ox shoeing. All work warranted. They hope to receive the patronage of old friends and customers. Their shop is on the street below Davis' Store.

151y G. D. COLEMAN, JOHN S. McGLAULFIN.

HOWARD M. ATKINS,

ATTORNEY AT LAW,

Princeton Minnesota.

Particular attention given to Collections and Tax-Paying for the resident land holders. Will take general charge of lands or other property in Mill Lake County.

Admiral and Attorney of Mill Lake County. 152m

JOSEPH I. BEAUMONT,

DEALER IN

Teas, Coffees, Spices, Sugars, Syrups,

And all goods pertaining to the business of a

Wholesale Grocer,

INCLUDING

TOBACCO, CIGARS,

THE LAST MAN, THE LAST DOLLAR

AND THE LAST LOAF.—A soldier who passed through the late raid south of Richmond says:

"The impression on my mind about the rebellion is, that the rebels are now using their last man, last dollar, and last loaf of bread. There is absolutely nothing in reserve. If beaten now, they go up suddenly and surely. We could see this every where. The last card is now being played, and if lost, all is lost, for them. I do hope our people will hold out, no matter what happens to Grant or any body else. A little perseverance is bound to win the day. All rebels want to end the war now. They prefer subjugation to another year of the war."

—On the 10th of June, the Crystal Palace had been open ten years.

During that period it has been visited by the extraordinary number of over fifteen millions and a quarter of persons.

—Petroleum is pronounced excellent for wounds, by an army surgeon. It dispels flies, expels vermin, sweetens the wound, and promotes a healthy granulation.

—Vermont is entirely independent of the foreign market in regard to sugar and molasses; not an ounce of imported sugar will be seen in many sections this year.

—There is to be one continuous line of gas lights between Oldham and Manchester, England, sixteen miles in length.

Great Bargains

AT THE

CHEAP CASH STORE.

218 Third St. Saint Paul.

GOODS

Are very high, and everybody should save all they can; therefore go to

THE CHEAP CASH STORE!

For notwithstanding the great advance in goods, we are selling our stock of

Summer Goods

very cheap. We have DRESS GOODS at from 15 cents up, at all prices to suit customers.

We have a large stock of

SILK SACQUES

AND CIRCULARS,

which we are selling at reduced prices, to close our stock.

Remember the place—

No. 218 Third Street, Saint Paul, Minnesota.

151y H. KNOX TAYLOR

ANOKA LIBRARY ASSOCIATION.

THE Library consists of some six or seven hundred Volumes of various kinds. It is kept in the Picture Gallery, over E. M. Story & Co.'s Store. Terms of membership—Ladies, 50 cents; gentlemen \$1 per annum. Books loaned for five weeks per week to those who are not members. Books can be drawn every day, except Sundays. Rules and regulations of the Association, which are to be found pasted in front of each book, will be strictly adhered to.

N. B.—Books can be left in the store below when the Librarian is not in his office.

E. H. & A. T. DAVIS,

ANOKA, - - - MINN.

Dealers in Hardware, Stoves, Horse Furnishing Goods, Agricultural Implements, &c., and Manufacturers of Tin, Sheet Iron and Copper Ware.

Anoka, July 27th 1891.

FINKLE & LYON'S

SEWING MACHINES.

The greatest improvement yet in the Sewing Machine art. A curiosity worth seeing.

Please send for circular with sample of sewing.

These Improved Machines save ONE HUNDRED PER CENT. of thread and silk, and make the LOCK-STITCH alike on both sides.

They require no instruction to operate perfectly, except "the printed directions."

No change in sewing from one kind of goods to another.

And no taking apart to clean or oil.

Our NEW MANUFACTORY is now complete, with all its machinery and tools entirely new, and is already rapidly turning out Machines, which for beauty and perfection of finish are not surpassed by any manufactured in the world.

N. B.—Should any Machine prove unsatisfactory, it can be returned and money refunded.

Agents wanted in counties not canvassed by our own agents.

FINKLE & LYON, S. M. CO.,

No. 538 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.

aug7 12mos.

THE LAST MAN, THE LAST DOLLAR

AND THE LAST LOAF.—A soldier who passed through the late raid south of Richmond says:

"The impression on my mind about the rebellion is, that the rebels are now using their last man, last dollar, and last loaf of bread. There is absolutely nothing in reserve. If beaten now, they go up suddenly and surely. We could see this every where. The last card is now being played, and if lost, all is lost, for them. I do hope our people will hold out, no matter what happens to Grant or any body else. A little perseverance is bound to win the day. All rebels want to end the war now. They prefer subjugation to another year of the war."

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FINKLE & LYON, S. M. CO.,

No. 538 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.

aug7 12mos.

EDWARD H. BIGGS,

WHOLESALE DRUGGIST,

NO. 131 THIRD STREET, (OPPOSITE THOMPSON'S BANK,) SAINT PAUL, MINN.,

Invites the attention of purchasers to the largest and best selected stock ever brought to Minnesota, consisting of